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NEWSPAPER LAWS.

If subscribers order the discontinuation of newspapers, the publishers may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.

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The World is Growing Better.

The world is growing better!
Though it takes a wider sweep.
The hand of sturdy labor
With a friendly hand we greet;
We will not drink the bitter
When so little makes it sweet.

The world is growing richer,
In wealth brought from the earth—
But, better far, with treasures found
In mines of sterling worth.
For noble deed are honored more
Than simple claims of birth.

The world is growing better!
With fewer musty creeds,
With more of human strivings
To answer human needs.
With precious harvest garnered
As the growth of precious seeds.

A SCHEMER FOILED.

"Papa is not like himself. He never was harsh to me before," murmured poor Kate.

"Yet you must not be unmindful that your father believes he is acting for your best interests," was the rather doubtful remonstrance of Mrs. Scott.

"Papa is acting entirely under the influence of Percy Talbot," the girl asserted excitedly; "if he were not, he would understand how grievous it would be should I marry a man whom I detest—how utterly impossible it is when my whole heart is given to another. Oh, mamma, surely you cannot blame me?"

What could the gentle wife, the troubled mother, say? She loved her husband, unreasonable as he might be, she idolized her only child, and she shrank from holding either blamable. So she remained silent, while two big tears rolled slowly down her fair, faded cheeks.

"Mamma, my dearest, you do not blame me, do you?" pleaded Kate, crossing the room and throwing herself on her knees beside her mother. "It would break my heart to give up Robert! I love him so dearly—oh, mamma, so very dearly. You like Robert, too, and so did papa before this Percy Talbot came here to make nothing but trouble for us all. And I have fancied sometimes that you distrust him quite as much as I do. You do not really wish me to marry him, do you?"

"Your father is determined that you shall be his wife, Kate," said Mrs. Scott, winding a kindly arm about the slim, kneeling figure, and drawing the pretty, brown head to her bosom.

"I know. And if I disobey him, he declares he will no longer recognize me as his child," returned Kate with a little gasp of anguish; "he will send me away from him, from my home, and from you. Oh, mamma, it is hard! And yet, if you would not blame me, if you can trust me, I had rather go. After a time papa might relent, and wish me to come back to him."

The mother sighed, but she clasped the pretty pleader more closely to her tender heart, and fondly kissed the sweet bright face.

"I do trust you, Kate," she answered with much earnestness. "Always remember, darling, that wherever you may be, I shall trust my daughter to do the right. If you choose to go rather than become Mr. Talbot's unloving wife, I shall not judge you too harshly; and it may be that sometime the storm will pass over, and that this trial will end happily for us all."

After such a concession the mother could scarcely refuse to acquiesce to anything her child might decide to be best. And so Kate took her last regretful look of the dear familiar rooms; with quivering lips she kissed her weeping mother; and then in the early, quiet morning she left the pleasant house, the doors of which, as it might be, had been closed upon her forever.

"She has made her choice," her father said briefly in grim anger; "and henceforth she is dead to me."

From his home, his heart, his lips, he had banished her; and he forbade the mention of her name in his presence.

And for Percy Talbot he began to manifest singular partiality—a special liking that was frequently shown by considerable monetary favors. Perhaps he fancied that he owed some sort of reparation to the luckless individual who had been so signally disdained by his handsome and refractory daughter!

"It seems strange that a rich man would borrow such sums, and so often," Mrs. Scott ventured to observe.

"You know nothing about such matters, Maria," was the sharp response. "Talbot can be trusted with anything. He is a shrewd man too, and if our last speculation succeeds, I shall be as rich as he is."

"What speculation, Peter?" his wife inquired uneasily.

"I doubt you would understand if I should tell you," he answered testily.

He had yet to learn that his own understanding of the speculation into which he had been persuaded was somewhat deficient.

It was the "oft-told tale" of the credulity of one man and the duplicity of another. And there came a time when Peter Scott knew that he was beggared—when he discovered that all his little fortune, earned by years of honest zeal, had been, by some manner of chicanery, transferred to the possession of Percy Talbot.

"My dear sir, it is one of the freaks of fortune and is neither curious nor uncommon," Talbot said blandly to his victim. "In my career as a speculator, I, too, have sometimes lost—even to my last farthing. I have been left with nothing, absolutely nothing but my debts. But I never lost courage; nor must you do so now. Beside, if you will bring back your pretty fugitive daughter and induce her to become my wife, I will make you a free gift of the property that once was yours."

For a moment Kate's father regarded his interlocutor with a fixed and scathing gaze. The scales had fallen from those tired and troubled eyes.

"My daughter," at length he enunciated, with a dignity that was majestic, "was wiser than I—she could not be deceived by your pretensions as I have been. I may be a pauper, sir, but I shall still be honored that I have a child who would prefer death to marriage with such as you."

He turned away haughtily and went back to the home that was no longer his. But the shock had been too sudden, too overwhelming; and an hour later he lay writhing in mortal agony at the very gates of death. In his delirium he raved piteously of his folly, and of the man whom he had so trusted only to be befooled, robbed and insulted. And to his disordered senses his bonny Kate was everywhere present. He would listen for her gay voice and light footsteps; he seemed to behold her bright and beautiful image, and he would pathetically entreat her to forgive him for his harshness and his great mistake.

Meanwhile, Kate was far away, and not altogether unhappy. She felt that somehow, in a blissful time to come, she would be providentially guided back to contentment with her beloved ones.

One morning a visitor was announced, and with much surprise she turned to stand face to face with her old suitor, Percy Talbot, as ever, sleek, smiling, insignificant.

"You wish to see me?" she queried, coldly, startled by something oddly assured and exultant in his aspect.

"I wish to discuss a matter of business with you," he returned, glibly, as with great nonchalance he appropriated a cosy chair. "Will you not be seated, too? Where are the roses of your cheeks, Kate? Are you ill, or has my coming disquieted you?"

She was pale with anger at his insolence, at his stare of ardent admiration; and she trembled with vague alarm before his strange look of triumph; but she stood quite still and regarded him with calm inquiry.

"You may not be aware of what has happened at home," he pursued, still with the honeyed voice and hateful smile.

"No," was her simple utterance.

"My mission is not a particularly pleasant one," he continued cautiously; "and you make it harder for me, Kate, you seem so indifferent; and I have only come to serve you. Your father is very ill; he may not recover."

Yet she remained silent, watching him with her scornful, questioning eyes.

"And beside," her visitor went on, with a semblance of the sympathetic, "he has been unfortunate in business, and everything he possesses will be sold at once if there be no friendly interposition. I alone have power to aid him, and I will do so if you—oh, listen, for I love you, Kate! If you will be my wife, I will stop this sale, and your parents shall still have their home."

He had arisen and approached her with outstretched arms; but at that instant the door opened to admit one whom he had not anticipated meeting precisely then and there.

"Ah, Mr. Merle," he articulated, with extreme politeness. "This is indeed a surprise."

"A mutual surprise," Robert amended drily. "My wife and I had scarcely expected a visit from you."

"Your wife," he stammered, in swift confusion.

"With mamma's approval, Mr. Merle and I were married the day I left home," Kate explained, civilly.

"Ah! then I have come only to congratulate you," he succeeded in saying, even as he recoiled discomfitted before the contemptuous scrutiny of Kate's handsome young husband.

But he had no desire to prolong so unsatisfactory an interview, and he speedily departed.

"Be comforted, my dearest," Robert enjoined her when the guest had gone. "I have foreseen this day of trouble for your father, and providentially I have been given means to help him. Would you care to be back in the old home, Kate?"

Would she care? Had she not longed every hour for months to behold the dear old place? And the beloved, familiar face?

And while the train that bore her homeward was rattling across the white, winter world, her parents were making ready to leave the house where they had lived all the years of their wedded life. Everything had been sold. The ominous red flag yet waved over the entrance, about which was a melancholy and suggestive litter.

Inside, in the only apartment safe from intrusion, lay the unfortunate man, sufficiently convalescent to realize that all his gains had been taken from him, and still weak enough to hold valueless the life that had been regiven him.

"We are not yet so old, Peter—you and I, that we need fear beginning life anew," his wife lovingly reminded him.

"But what will give me back my child?" he asked fretfully. "What will restore to me her affection, just as fond and just as trusting as it was before I drove her from her home by my severity?"

"Our Kate will never reproach you, Peter," was the soft reply. "And all is well with her. I have hidden something from you, dear—something that once would have angered you, but that now may comfort you instead."

Just then a carriage rumbled to the door. The purchaser of the property, that had been bought by proxy, had arrived, and directly was admitted to the room.

But the sick man was greatly perplexed when he beheld Robert Merle standing before him.

"A little legacy, not altogether unexpected, came to me just in time," explained the generous young gentleman, "and I bought the old place as a gift for my wife."

And then, like a bright spirit, Kate glided in and dropped on her knees beside her father's couch.

"O, papa, forgive me," she cried, with her sweet face pressed upon the yearning hands that clasped her quickly.

"Forgive you, dear child?" ejaculated the father, like one amazed. "It is I who should beg to be forgiven. But I scarcely understand what it all means. Does it mean that you and Robert and mamma were all leagued against me?"

"I am afraid so," was the roguish confession. "But Robert had a little secret of his own, though," she added, with a happy glance toward her manly husband. "He kept me quite in the dark about his legacy and his purchase of the old place until he had brought me here—brought me back to the old home that shall still be yours, papa."

How Colds are Taken.

A person in good health, with fair play, says the London *Lancet*, easily resists cold. But when the health flags a little, and liberties are taken with the stomach, or the nervous system, a chill is easily taken, and according to the weak spot of the individual, assumes the form of a cold, or pneumonia or, it may be, jaundice. Of all causes of "cold," probably fatigue is one of the most efficient. A jaded man coming home at night from a long day's work, a growing youth losing two hours' sleep over evening parties two or three times a week, or a ng lady heavily doing the season, young children over fed and with a short allowance of sleep, are common instances of the victims of cold." Luxury is favorable to chill-taking; very hot rooms, soft chairs, feather beds, create a sensitiveness that leads to catarrhs. It is not, after all, the "cold that is so much to be feared as the antecedent conditions that give the attack a chance of doing harm. Some of the worst "colds" happen to those who do not leave their house or even their bed, and those who are most invulnerable are often those who are most exposed to changes of temperature, and who by good sleep, cold bathing, and regular habits preserve the tone of their nervous system and circulation. Probably many chills are contracted at night or at the fag end of the day, when tired people get the equilibrium of their circulation disturbed by either overheated sitting-rooms or underheated bedrooms and beds. This is specially the case with elderly people. In such cases the mischief is not always done instantaneously, or in a single night. It often takes place insidiously, extending over days or even weeks. It thus appears that "taking cold" is not by any means a simple result of a lower temperature, but depends largely on personal conditions and habits, affecting especially the nervous and muscular energy of the body.

"YANKEE DOODLE."

Interesting Facts About the Origin of the Term.

The good the Rhine-song does to German hearts,
Or thine Marseillaise to France's fiery blood;
The good thy anthemed harmony imparts,
"God save the Queen," to England's field and flood,
A home-born blessing, Nature's boon and Art's,
The same heart-cheering, spirit-warning good
To us and ours, where'er we war or woo,
Thy words and music, Yankee Doodle—do.
—*Halleck.*

The origin of "Yankee Doodle" is by no means as clear as American antiquarians desire. The statement that the air was composed by Dr. Shackburgh, in 1755, when the colonial troops united with the British regulars near Albany, preparatory to the attack on the French posts of Niagara and Frontenac, and that it was produced in derision of the old-fashioned equipments of the provincial soldiers, as contrasted with the neat and orderly appointments of the regulars, was stated some years ago in a musical magazine published in Boston. The account there given as to the origin of the song is this: During the attacks upon the French outposts in 1755, in America, Governor Shirley, and General Jackson, led the force directed against the enemy lying at Niagara and Frontenac. In the early part of June, whilst the troops were stationed on the banks of the Hudson, near Albany, the descendants of the "Pilgrim fathers" flocked in from the Eastern provinces. Never was seen such a motley regiment as took up its position on the left wing of the British army. The band played music as antiquated, and outre as their uniforms; officers and privates had adopted regimentals each after his own fashion; one wore a flowing wig, while his neighbor rejoiced in hair cropped closely to the head; this one had a coat with wonderful long skirts, his fellow marched without his upper garment; various as the colors of the rainbow were the clothes worn by the gallant band. It so happened that there was a certain Dr. Shackburgh, wit, musician and surgeon, and one evening after mess he produced a tune, which he earnestly recommended as a well-known piece of military music, to the officers of the militia. The joke succeeded, and Yankee Doodle was hailed with acclamation as to their own march. This account is somewhat apocryphal as there is no song; the tune in the United States is a march; there are no words to it of a national character. The only words ever affixed to the air in this country, is the following doggerel quatrain:—

Yankee Doodle came to town
Upon a little pony;
He stuck a feather in his hat
And called it macaroni.

It has been asserted by English writers, that the air and words of these lines are as old as Cromwell's time. The only alteration is in making "Yankee Doodle" of what was "Nankee Doodle." It is asserted that the tune will be found in the "Musical Antiquities" of England, and that "Nankee Doodle" was intended to apply to Cromwell, and the other lines were designed to "allude to his going into Oxford, with a single plume fastened in a knot called macaroni." The tune was known in New England before the Revolution, as "Lydia Fisher's Jig," a name derived from a famous lady who lived in the reign of Charles II, and which has been perpetuated in the following nursery rhyme:—

Lucky Locket lost her pocket
Kitty Fisher found it;
Not a bit of money in it,
Only binding round it.

The regulars in Boston, in 1785 and 1776 are said to have sung verses to the same air:

Yankee Doodle came to town
For to buy a fire-lock
We will tar and feather him
And so will John Hancock.

The manner in which the tune came to be adopted by the Americans, is shown in the following letter of the Rev. W. Gordon.—Describing the battle of Lexington and Concord, before alluded to, he says:—

"The brigade under Lord Percy marched out (of Boston) playing, by way of contempt, "Yankee Doodle." Tney were afterwards told that they had been made to dance it." It is most likely that Yankee Doodle was originally derived from Holland. A song with the following burden has long been in use among the laborers, who in the time of harvest, migrate from Germany, to the Low Countries, where they receive for their work as much buttermilk as they can drink, and a tenth of the grain secured by their exertions:—

Yanker didel, doodel doun
Didel, dudel lauter,
Yanke viver voover vown
Bottermilk und Tanther.

That is buttermilk and a tenth.

CLIPPINGS FOR THE CURIOUS.

Small clocks are attached to the principal lamp posts in Amsterdam.

Dynamite is safer to transport than gunpowder, according to English experts.

Along the road from Mobile to Montgomery there are miles of turpentine orchards.

Fairmount park, Philadelphia, is the largest park in the United States. It contains 2991 acres.

Darwin asserted that monkeys flush when angered, and the observations of younger naturalists confirm him.

The use of joints only became general when forks were substituted for fingers in the reign of Elizabeth.

The first work favoring the use of Saturday as the Christian Sabbath was published in 1628 by Theophilus Brabourne, a clergyman.

The *Freie Presse* of San Antonio, Tex., tells of a species of ants found in that state which make a honey equal to any that is produced by bees.

Stone mortars, throwing a missile weighing twelve pounds, are mentioned as being employed in 757 A. D., and in 1232 A. D., it is incontestable that the Chinese besieged in Caifong-fu used cannon against their Mongol enemies.

Some of the best English jockeys are women, daughters of farmers, or of country squires, who have lost their fortunes. They have been accustomed to ride to hounds from their childhood are perfectly fearless, and their light weight in the saddle makes them desirable as jockeys.

There are ninety-one city companies in London. Of these, twelve, the mercers, grocers, drapers, fishmongers, goldsmiths, skinners, merchant tailors, haberdashers, salters, ironmongers, vintners and clothworkers are styled honorable. The wealth of these bodies is enormous.

English gentlemen of Queen Elizabeth's time were accustomed to wear handkerchiefs in their hats as favors from young ladies. These articles when wrought and edged with gold were worth from five pence to twelve pence each, their value was not great even in good Queen Bess's time, when a penny was a penny.

The Bayeux tapestry contains, besides the figures of 505 quadrupeds, birds, sphinxs, etc., the figures of 623 men, 202 horses, 55 dogs, 37 buildings, 41 ships and boats and 49 trees, or a grand total of 1512 figures. The tapestry is divided into seventy-two separate compartments, each representing one particular historical occurrence and bearing an explanatory Latin inscription.

The Chinese and Egyptians reckoned by the lives of their kings. The Romans began with the founding of their city 753 B. C. The Greeks counted the years by Olympiads of five years each, beginning with the first Olympic games, in 776 B. C. The Mohammedans reckon from the flight of Mohammed to Medina. Savages notch upon trees a mark for each year as it passes.

An Aggravating Little Wretch.

Some of the city stores are constantly annoyed by children coming to the door and asking for cards, empty boxes and that sort of thing. The clerks are, of course, down on the youngsters, and the warfare never ends. The other day a little girl opened a store door, and sticking her head in, called out:

"Say, mister, have you got any empty boxes?"

"No!" said the clerk, not very politely.

"Got any cards?"

"No!"

"Got any almanacs?"

"No!"

"Got any empty bottles?"

"No!"

"Got any pictures?"

"No!"

"Got any sense?"

"No—yes—no—yes—you miserable little wretch!" and the clerk flew out of the door; but the youngster was in the next alley making faces at him, and he came back madder than he had been since his salary was reduced.

No Use.

A citizen of Brooklyn who had been run down by a bill collector, used some pretty plain language, and wound up with:

"It is lucky for you, sir, that duelling is not permitted in this country."

"Would you challenge me?"

"Certainly I would."

"Oh, well, it wouldn't be of any use to do that," was the calm reply. "You couldn't get credit anywhere within fifty miles of Brooklyn for enough powder to kill me with!"—*Wall Street News.*

CHILDREN'S COLUMN.

Can't Catch It.

Children, what is it that you can never catch, even if you were to chase after it, as quick as possible, with the swiftest horse in the world?

You can never catch the word that has once gone out of your lips.

Once spoken, it is out of your power; do your best, you can never recall it.

Therefore take care what you say, for "in the multitude of words there waneth not sin; but he that refraineth his lips is wise."

How a Bird Outwitted the Monkeys.

"Of all the hanging nests, commend me to that made of grass by the baya sparrow of India. It is one of the most perfect bird-houses I know of, and seems only to need a fire-place to make it a real house. It is entered through the long neck at the lower end. The bed for the eggs rests in the bulb, or expansion at the middle of the nest, where there are actually two rooms, for the male has a perch divided off from the female by a little partition, where he may sit and sing to her in rainy weather, or when the sun shines very hot, and where he may rest at night. The walls are a firm lattice-work of grass, neatly woven together, which permits the air to pass through, but does not allow the birds to be seen. The whole nest is from fourteen to eighteen inches long, and six inches wide at the thickest part. It is hung low over the water,—why, we shall presently see,—and its only entrance is through the hanging neck.

"Why do birds build hanging nests?

"Those birds that do make hanging nests, undoubtedly do it because they think them the safest. Bird's eggs are delicacies on the bill of fare of several animals, and are eagerly sought by them. Snakes, for instance, live almost entirely upon them, during the month of June; squirrels eat them, raccoons also, and opossums, cats, rats, and mice. But none of these animals could creep out to the pliant, wavy ends of the willow branches or elm twigs, and cling there long enough to get at the contents of a Baltimore oriole's nest.

"In the country where the baya sparrow lives, there are snakes and opossums, and all the rest of egg-eaters; and in addition there are troops of monkeys, which are more to be feared than all the rest together. Monkeys are wonderfully expert climbers, from whom the eggs, in an ordinary open-top pouch nest, like the oriole's would not be secure; for if they can get anywhere near, they will reach their long, slender fingers down inside the nest. The baya sparrow discovered this, and learned to build a nest inclosed on all sides, and to enter it from underneath by a neck too long for a monkey to conveniently reach up through. Beside this, she took the precaution to hang it out on the very tips of light branches, upon which she thought no robber dare trust himself. But she found that the monkeys 'knew a trick worth two o'that.' They would go to a higher limb which was so strong, and one would let himself down from it, grasping it firmly with his hands; then another monkey would crawl down and hold on to the heels of the first one, another would go below him, and so on until several were hanging to each other, and the lowest one could reach the sparrow's treasures. He would eat them all himself, and then one by one they would climb up over each other; and last of all the tired first one, who had been holding up the weight of all the rest, would get up, too, and all would go noisily off in search of fresh plunder, which, I suppose, would be given to a different one, the rest making a ladder for him as before.

"Now the cunning baya sparrow saw a way to avoid even dangerous trickery. She knew that there was nothing a monkey hated so terribly as to get his sleek coat wet. He would rather go hungry. So she hung her nest over the water close to the surface, and the agile thives do not dare make a chain enough to enable the last one to reach up into her nest from below, as he must do, for fear that the springy branches might bend so far as to souse them into the water.

"The sparrow has fairly outwitted the monkey!"

The Greatest Tramp.

One Christian Frederick Schaefe, a Hessian, who recently died in New South Wales, was probably the greatest tramp of the century. He begged for food and clothes, but would not accept money. It is supposed he walked more than 150,000 miles in making successfully the tour of Germany, France, Spain, Northern Africa, Turkey, Italy, Greece, England, the United States, New Zealand and Australia. Occasionally, when absolute necessity required, as for instance on shipboard, he would do a little work, but his apparent feebleness always excited pity and saved him from hard labor. He was honest and harmless.

Delay.

To-morrow, morrow, not to-day!
'Tis thus the idle ever say:
To-morrow I will strive anew,
To-morrow I will seek instruction,
To-morrow I will shun seduction,
To-morrow this and that will do.

And wherefore not to-day? to-morrow
For thee will also be too narrow;
To every day its task allot!
Whate'er is done is done forever,
Thus much I know; but whatsoever
May hap to-morrow, know I not.

On! on! or thou wilt be retreating;
For all our moments quickly fleeting,
Advance, nor backwards more incline.
What we possess alone is ours,
The use we make of present hours;
For can I call the future mine?

And every day thus vainly fleeing,
Is in the volume of my being
A page unwritten, blank and void.
Then write on its unsullied pages
Deeds to be read by coming ages!
Be every day alike employed!

PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS.

A nobby thing in boots.—A bunion.

A relic hunter—A fellow endeavoring to capture a widow.

Flattery is called "taffy" because it makes a man feel awfully "stuck up."

The eye is sometimes called the window of the soul, consequently a black eye must be a stained window.

If any merchant doubts the efficacy of advertising, let him put a two-line notice in a local paper stating that he wants to buy a dog.

A note made on Sunday is void; which may account for men sleeping all through church service, and making no note of what the preacher says.

A man who had tried it says that the only reason why a sufferer's head don't come off when having a tooth pulled is because the tooth gives way first.

Human nature illustrated: Baby nudges his mother's elbow. "Mamma, stop Tota from killing that fly on the window." "What for?" "Because I want to kill him myself."

A western merchant says that when he wants a rest he does not find it necessary to go to the sea-side and spend all his profits, but just takes his advertisements out of the papers, and then he has an easy time.

A lady poet asks: "How can I tell him I love him no more?" There are divers ways. If he lives out of town, and economy is an object, she might apprise him of the depressing fact by a postal card; or get her brother to tell him; or wait until a telephone line is established; but if she wishes him to receive the news as if by magic, she should divulge the state of her feelings to a couple of members of the sewing-circle.

What to Drink.

A physician writes in the *World of Science* some very interesting things things regarding what to drink. The habit of drinking strong tea or black coffee directly after dinner is especially bad, and certainly interferes with digestion. At breakfast time a healthy man has all his sleep in him, and surely it is then unscientific for him to inflict upon his system strong tea or coffee. At tea time tea or coffee may well be indulged in moderately. The bulk of the day's work is done; the body not only wants rinsing out, but fatigue is felt, which may well be counteracted by the use of a mild stimulant such as tea, and bed time is not yet so near that sleep is interfered with. Most nations that drink coffee largely get sallow skin, and I am inclined to think that the carbonaceous matter of the roasted coffee, when so largely and frequently taken, may perhaps have something to do with this. For hard working people who are not corpulent I should suggest the thick-flake cocoa as the healthiest and most nutritious breakfast beverage. For those who do not want fattening drinks, and who often cannot digest cocoa, I should say drink hot water at breakfast. Those who dine late and make their dinner their main meal need a diluent drink an hour or two afterward; and, if they drink tea it keeps them awake or makes them irritable and nervous. I find for myself that dining so idly as I am obliged to do when I have done my work (7.30 p m.) and often needing to work from 9 to 11, a tumbler of hot water brought into my study or laboratory is the best and wholesomest drink, and after few evenings it will be as much relished as the usual draught of tea. The hot water assists to complete the digestion of residual food, acts upon the kidneys and rinses out the effete matters, and thus will be found to wake one up sufficiently, and neither to injure the stomach nor to keep the brain awake after bed-time. In cold weather warm water is by far the best drinking at dinnertime, and in hot weather a draught of warm water is far wholesomer and more cooling than cold or iced water.
—*British Medical Journal.*

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, MAY 31ST, 1883.

BY DEININGER & BUMILLER.

Church & Sunday School Directory.

Evangelical.

Revs. B. Hengst and H. A. Benfer, Preach's

Rev. B. Hengst will preach next Sunday morning, German.

unday School, 1½P. M.—Rev. C. F. Gephart, Supt

Missionary Society meets on the third Monday evening of each month.

Methodist.

Rev. Furman Adams Preacher-in-charge.

Sunday School at 10½ A. M.—D. A. Musser, Sup't

Reformed.

Rev. Zwingli A. Yearick, Pastor.

Preaching in Millheim next Sunday afternoon and in Aaronsburg in the evening.

Mite society meets regularly on the first Tuesday evening of each month.

United Brethren.

Rev. J. G. W. Herald, Preacher-in-charge.

Sunday School, 9 A. M.—A. R. Alexander, Supt

Lutheran.

Rev. John Tomlinson, Pastor.—

Preaching in Millheim next Sunday morning, English, and in Aaronsburg in the afternoon, German.

Sunday School at 9¼ A.M. B. O. Deininger, Supt.

The Augsburg Bible Class meets every Saturday evening at 7 o'clock.

Ladies' Mite Society meets on the first Monday evening of each month.

Lodge & Society Directory.

Millheim Lodge, No. 955, I. O. O. F. meets in their hall, Penn Street, every Saturday evening.

Rebecca Degree Meeting every Thursday on or before the full moon of each month.

W. HARTMAN, Sec. E. W. MAUCK, N. G.

Providence Grange, No. 217 P. of H., meets in Alexander's block on the second Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M., and on the fourth Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M.

D. L. ZERBY, Sec. T. G. EHRARD, Master.

The Millheim B. & L. Association meets in the Penn street school house on the evening of the second Monday of each month.

A. WALTER, Sec. B. O. DEININGER, Prest.

The Millheim Cornet Band meets in the Town Hall on Monday and Thursday evenings.

J. W. FOOTE, Sec. D. I. Brown Pres't.

Centre County Democratic Committee for 1883.

DISTRICT.	NAME.	P. O. ADDRESS.
Bellefonte N. W.	J. M. Keichline,	Bellefonte
" S. W.	Chas Smith,	"
" W. W.	S. A. McQuistion,	"
Howard boro.	Ira C. Leathers,	Howard
Milesburg "	James P. Jones,	Milesburg
Millheim "	F. P. Musser,	Millheim
Philipsburg 1 W.	C. G. Herlinger,	Philipsburg
" 2 W.	Sol Schmidt,	"
" 3 W.	A. Y. Carpenter,	"
Unionville boro.	P. J. McDonald,	Fleming
Benner twp.	Wm. Ishler,	Bellefonte
Boggs "	Frank F. Adams,	Milesburg
Burnside "	Henry Meeker,	Pine Glenn
College "	John Roop,	Lemont
Curtin "	John McCloskey,	Roland
Ferguson O. P.	J. T. McCormick,	Stae College
" N. P.	L. W. Walker,	Rock Springs
Gregg S. P.	John Coldron	Spring Mills
" N. P.	Wm. Luce,	Farmers' Mills
Haines E. P.	L. B. Stover,	Woodward
" W. P.	Geo. Bower,	Aaronsburg
Half Moon twp.	J. H. Griffin,	Stormstown
Harris "	D. W. Meyer,	Boalsburg
Howard "	John Glenn,	Howard
Huston "	John L. Miles,	Julian
Liberty "	James P. Leinn	Blanchard
Marion "	J. J. Hoy,	Walker
Miles "	Ellis Shafer,	Madisonburg
Patton "	Agnew Sellers, Jr	Filmore
Penn "	P. H. Stover,	Coburn
Potter N. P.	D. J. Meyer,	Centre Hall
" S. P.	Samuel Slack	Tusseyville
Rush N. P.	William Cullen,	Philipsburg
" S. P.	J. T. Everly,	Sandy Ridge
Snow Shoe twp.	Wm. R. Haynes,	Snow Shoe
Spring "	E. C. Wood,	Bellefonte
Taylor "	Hepburn Biowers,	Fowler
Union "	S. K. Emerick,	Fleming
Walker "	Jos. Emerick,	Hublersburg
Worth "	M. S. Spotts,	Port Matilda

WM. C. HEINLE,
Chairman.

W. MILES WALKER.
Secretary.

The Somerset *Herald* warns the tariff-for-revenue-only men to prepare for the storm in next year's campaign, as the tariff question will be a distinct and well defined issue in the next Presidential contest. The men referred to will not meet the storm. They will come in out of the wet when the first squall strikes them.

The Pennsylvania legislature, we learn, passed twelve bills in twelve weeks, without being compelled to call in extra help.

Gov. Pattison has approved the bill to exempt building and loan associations from taxation for State purposes.

Gov. Patt'son has very properly vetoed the bill passed by both houses, granting pensions to the surviving veterans of the Mexican war. If the soldiers of that war are entitled to pensions the United States should grant them, and not the state of Pennsylvania. It was a national war and in no sense a state conflict.

The Senate committee on appropriations did at least one good thing for which it deserves credit. It struck off half a million from the appropriations for common schools which the House had inconsiderately added. There is no real necessity to increase the school fund at this time.

Mahoneism has received a black eye in the local elections in Virginia last week, which materially assist the Mother of States and Statesmen in discovering even at this late day that *honesty is the best policy*—in public as well as in private affairs.

A correspondent of the Pittsburg *Post* proposes brother Meek, of the *Watchman*, as the Democraic candidate for state treasurer. Capital suggestion.

The Republican outlook in Ohio is not quite as rosy as it might be and a movement has been started to postpone the state convention.

The latest presidential boom has just been started in California in favor of Gen. Rosencrans.

The following article from the Harrisburg *Independent* of the 19th inst., was unavoidably deferred for want of space. However its suggestions have lost none of their force in the interval, but deserve the serious consideration of the people, and more particularly of the Democratic party. While the JOURNAL can not agree to all the *Independent* says on the general subject, it does most emphatically endorse the *Independent's* conclusions, namely that no man could be nominated for President who combines more eminently the qualities of fitness and availability than just Gov. Curtin. He stands to-day in the very front ranks of American statesmen. His nomination and election would indeed be but a just appreciation of his long and faithful public services, great abilities and solid worth:

SUGGESTIONS are now freely made to both parties on the availability of men as candidates for President and the Democratic party is perhaps in more quandary than its opponents on this subject. It is urged that the old hacks who have been buzzing around national conventions, seeking their favor for the last fifteen years will not do now. It is also urged that parties do not want a regular soldier for the place. War issues are dead, but war memories are tenacious. Issues, affecting trade production and finance will vitalize the canvass of 1884 and it is conceded that of these questions the tariff will be over-shadowing. To the Democracy of Pennsylvania this is suggestive. It is their opportunity—their tide which may lead on to fortune, and they have the man who could, if they stand by him, fairly carry their banners nearer to victory than any other man in their party. One of the last war Governors confessedly the most brilliant of those illustrious men, Andrew G. Curtin, is without a doubt the most available man for President in the Democratic party, and the only man who could carry Pennsylvania in such a leading. Neither party deemed it advantageous at any time to take a war Governor for President, but now the Democracy have an opportunity to make a historical, as well as a great political point in taking Governor Curtin, as a candidate in 1884. He has served long enough in Congress to become known to and esteemed by the Democratic leaders of the country, and is perhaps better known to-day personally than any man now in the political field of action. These are suggestions thrown out and not points advocated to satisfy and desire on the part of the INDEPENDENT, which is always indifferent to a stern degree in all such affairs. If the Democratic party wants to win in 1884 it must take the most available material it can find to enable it to do so. It cannot do it with and of its already mentioned men now aspiring to this high honor. New departures are the order of all parties, new men and new ideas are shoving new preferences into action. The political leaders of the country ought to be sagacious enough to understand this.

The Times on the Condition of Trade.

Mr. C. W. Ludwig, a merchant of Chambersburg, Pa., writes to the Philadelphia *Times* asking Col. McClure's opinion as to the present general depression of the retail trade throughout the country. Mr. McClure is a man eminently fit to answer just such a question intelligently. His reply is comprehensive and satisfactory. Among other things he says:

The true solution of the present temporary stagnation in the retail trade of the country, is the safe, conversative feeling of the people generally and their determined purpose to keep the country upon the sound financial basis it now enjoys. There is no rational ground for business revulsion. The balance of trade is in favor of our people; the crops of last year were the largest ever known; the fields are green with the promise of another bountiful harvest; our agricultural people, the great foundation of the nation's prosperity, are more free from debt than at any time since the inflation of war, and our mechanical and laboring classes are living within their means. There have been failures, but almost wholly in speculative circles, and the exceptions have been in the few channels which are crippled by overproduction; but the country, taken as a whole, has never been on a sounder basis than now, and if it consumes less just at this time, it is because it is necessary to enable the people to consume more in the early future and pay for it. There is nothing in the present dullness of trade to cause apprehension of continued and greater stagnation. The causes are temporary and will speedily correct themselves, and every channel of trade will become heathier and better because the people sensibly take pause even at the shadows and wait until their exact latitude can be taken. A country that sells more than it buys and that has general freedom from debt among its people, has every assurance of substantial and enduring prosperity.

CITIES JOINED TOGETHER.

The Great Bridge between New York and Brooklyn.

Opening Cermonies of the Magnificent Structure that Spans the East River—President Arthur President.

NEW YORK, May 25.—Thursday was a gala day in Brooklyn. Throughout the city there appeared to be a general surrender of business to sight-seeing and celebration one way or another. The main business avenues, the heights and many of the streets clear out in the suburbs are decked most gaily with flags and bunting for the bridal with the city over the river. Public buildings, private houses, street cars, wagons and tracks bore the colors of the nation in honor of the opening of the bridge. The venders of the bridge souvenirs were about in hundreds, and found a ready sale for their wares. Enterprising merchants took this opportunity of advertising their wares on the backs of pictures of the Brooklyn bridge. Fulton street, from its furthest end to the river front, was gay with colors. From early in the morning crowds began to gather at the end where the speechmaking was to take place. In New York, also, business was partly suspended. Most of the down town exchanges closed at noon and many business places suspended work for the afternoon. The day was all that could be desired for the occasion. The houses along the route of the procession from the Fifth avenue hotel to the City Hall were decked with colors. A guard of twenty was detailed to march on either side of the President's carriage. The command marched down Park and Fifth avenues to the Fifth avenue hotel, the President's quarters, where it was drawn up. On Madison square it was estimated that there were about 10,000 people gathered. In the first carriage sat President Arthur and Mayor Edson. In the other carriages that followed prominent dignitaries of the county were seated. They then proceeded to the bridge where they were met by the Twenty-third regiment of Brooklyn and escorted to the place set apart for them. After the ceremonies the party repaired to the house of Mayor Lane. Countless boats and crafts of every kind, tastefully lit up with colored lights, thronged the river. Afterward the large span, brightly lighted by the tall lamps of the United States Electric Light Company, and radiant arch against a dark background, attracted as much attention as the previous display. The display of fireworks lasted about an hour and was very beautiful.

Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 28th 1883.

The Star-route trial has nearly spent itself and must come to an end soon. Whatever may have been the hopes and expectations at its earlier stages of those who desire to see justice done, there is now an almost unanimous opinion that a failure will be the result. And while two years have been spent in mistrials there are a good many people who begin to count the expense. The time is coming when that trial will be pointed at as one of the most outrageous and extravagant that ever occurred. Nobody knows how much that trial has cost Brady and his gang, who as I believe, were and are rascals—I cannot dispute that fact. They made money, as I believe, in the most rascally manner, but I would like to have the honest, hardfisted farmer and mechanic look at the expense of the trial. The government has already spent almost as much as it was robbed of, and the end is not yet. What do the hard-working farmers, mechanics and laborers think of paying lawyers $150 a day for trying a case? Is it any wonder that the case lasts months, instead of days? If I was a lawyer and was getting $100 or $150 a day, I presume I should not be so impatient. But it is a shame, just the same. If the government's lawyers were paid by the job, instead of by the day, I firmly believe the trial would would have been over long, long ago. It is said, and I have not seen the fact denied, that Bliss is paid $150 a day, and that Mr. Merrick and Mr. Ker each receive $100 a day. You will see, therefore that one item of expense foots up $450 a day. Mr. Ker talked seven days—cost $2,450. Bliss talked eight days—cost $2,800. Wilson talked six days—cost 2,100. Ingersoll has talked four or five days, and there are several counties to be heard from. Nobody but the lawyers seem to be getting any good out of the trial. The accused pay their big array of counsel out of the money stolen, and thus Uncle Sam foots the whole bill for two years' employment of this entire crew of high-priced attorney, to say nothing of witness fees and all other expenses—all for nothing, probably.

PHONO.

St. Elmo Hotel,
Nos. 317 & 319 ARCH ST.,
PHILADELPHIA.

RATES REDUCED TO $2.00 PER DAY.

The traveling public will still find at this Hotel the same liberal provision for their comfort. It is located in the immediate centres of business and places of amusement and the different Rail-Road depots, as well as all parts of the city, are easily accessible by Street Cars constantly passing the doors. It offers special inducements to those visiting the city for business or pleasure.

Your patronage respectfully solicited.

Jos. M. Feger, Proprietor.

Ex-Gov. St. John at Lock Haven.

An intensely interested audience listened to ex-Gov. St. John, of Kansas, at the Court House last Friday evening. His subject was Prohibition and he set forth its claims with marked ability. Gov. St. John is no ordinary temperance advocate. His experience in the political field, his knowledge of men and affairs, his wit and oratory make him an exceedingly effective speaker. That the audience was profoundly interested, was manifested by the close, almost strained attention which was paid during the entire lecture. No one would accuse a Lock Haven audience of not being sufficiently conservative in respect of applause, but on this occasion it broke forth enthusiastically a number of times, and then quickly subsided as if the listeners were impatient to hear more, and feared to lose a word.

The lecture abounded in statistics which gave it a practical character and added largely to the interest. Gov. St. John holds Kansas up as a model State on account of the success of Prohibition there, and threatens Pennsylvania with the loss of her estimable young men, many of whom will be welcomed to Kansas unless Prohibiton legislation is effected here.

Ex-Mayor Ball presided during the lecture, and Rev. J. Max Lantz offered the opening prayer. There were beautiful floral decorations and over the alcove of the judges' bench was the motto of the W. C. T. U. in large letters "For God and Home and Native Land."—Clinton *Democratic.*

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an order issued by the Orphans' Court of Centre county, the subscriber, administrator of the estate of Thomas Wolfe, late of Miles township, Centre county, Pa., deceased, will offer at public sale, on the premises, at Wolfe's Store, on

TUESDAY, JUNE 19TH, 1883,

The following described valuable REAL ESTATE, viz:

No. 1. All those several tracts or pieces of land situate in Miles township, Centre Co., Pa., and bounded and described as follows: One thereof bounded on the east by lands of Henry Wolfe, Em'l Geiswite and others, south by lands of John Stoner, west by lands of Reuben Kreamer and others, and north by lands of Daniel Wolfe, containing 23 acres, more or less, thereon erected two dwelling houses, store house, ware house, stables and other outbuildings.

No. 2. All the right, title and interest in and to all that certain tract of land, situate in Miles township, aforesaid, adjoining land of Benjamin Beck, George Weaver, Moyer and Strohecker and Henry Corman, containing 29 acres and 107 perches.

No. 3. All that certain tract of land situate in Miles township, aforesaid, adjoining lands of the late Jacob Wolf and John Scholl, containing 10 acres and 5 perches and allowance.

No. 4. All the right, title and interest in that certain tract of land, situate in Miles township, aforesaid, bounded by lands of George Brungard, Michael Bower, —— DeLong and Martin Rudy, containing 136 acres, more or less.

TERMS: One third of purchase money on confirmation of sale, one third in one year and the balance in one year thereafter. Defered payments to bear interest from confirmation of sale, and to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

Sale to begin at 1 o'clock, P. M., sharp.

J. R. WOLFE,
Administrator.

Lewisburg and Tyrone Railroad Time Table.

LEAVE WESTWARD.

	1 A. M.	3 A. M.	5 P. M.	7 P. M.	9 P. M.
Montandon	7.05	9.40	2.05	6.00	7.55
Lewisburg	7.25	10.05	2.20		
Fair Ground	7.30	10.13	2.25		
Biehl	7.40	10.27	2.35		
Vicksburg	7.45	10.36	2.40		
Mifflinburg	8.00ar	11.00	ar 2.55 le. 3 05		
Millmont	8.22		3.28		
Laurelton	8.33		3.40		
Wiker Run	8.57		4.06		
Cherry Run	9.15		4.25		
Fowler	9.35		4.47		
Coburn	9.48		5.06		
Spring Mills ar	10.15		ar. 5.30		

LEAVE EASTWARD.

	2	4 A. M.	6	8 P. M.	10
Spring Mills		5.50		1.50	
Coburn		6 18		2.20	
Fowler		6.28		2.33	
Cherry Run		6.48		2.55	
Wiker Run		7.05		3.15	
Laurelton		7.30		3.40	
Millmont		7.40		3.52	
Mifflinburg		8.00	A. M. 11.45	4.15	
Vicksburg		8.15	P. M. 12.10	4.32	
Biehl		8 20	12.17	4.38	
Fair Ground	A. M.	8.30	12.33	4.48	P. M.
Lewisburg	6.35	8.45	12.50	5.10	7.30
Montandon ar.	6.45ar.	9.00ar	1.05ar.	5.20ar	7.40

Nos. 1 and 2 connect at Montandon with Erie Mail West; 3 and 4 with Sea Shore Express East; 5 and 6 with Day Express and Niagara Express West; 7 and 8 with Fast Line West; 9 and 10 with Williamsport Accommodation East.

Japanese Crepe.

In order to introduce our Japanese Crepe goods we will send postpaid to any address on receipt of fifty cents, or 17 three-cent stamps, the following: 1 window banner, size 13 by 24 inches, with rich color and deep border; 1 tidy, size 8 by 11 inches, very handsome; 1 lamp mat 27 inches in circumference, perfectly lovely; 1 wall screen, large and handsome. Address E. Florence & Co., P. O. box 1860, South Bend, Indiana.

FARMERS!

If you want free sample copies of the largest and best agricultural paper in the country write yours and your neighbors' names on a postal card and mail it to *Farmers' Friend Pub. Co., South Bend, Ind.* Price 50 cents a year and Premiums to every subscriber.

HEALTH IS WEALTH!

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death; Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1 a box, or six boxes for $5, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES

To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with $5, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by EISNER & MENDELSON, 329 Race Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

"PURIFAS."

The celebrated vegetable Blood Purifier. It immediately cures Headache, Constipation, Purifies the Skin. Mailed anywhere upon receipt of 25 cents. Unsurpassed for Children. EISNER & MENDELSON, 329 Race Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at GEO. P. ROWELL & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce Street), where advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

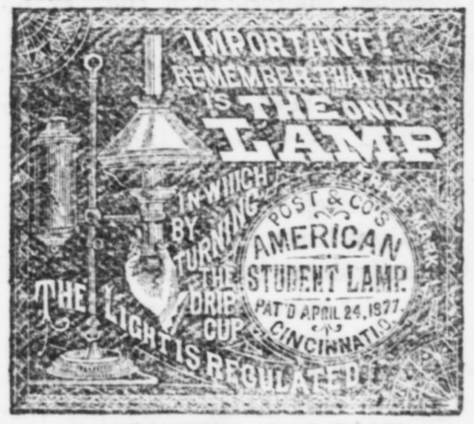
THE MILLHEIM MARBLE WORKS

Is the Oldest, The Largest, The Cheapest, The Most Reliable, The Most Successful Establishment of its kind in this part of Pennsylvania.

DEININGER & MUSSER, PROPRIETORS.

MILLHEIM, — — — — — — PENN'A.

BUY THE BEST.
POST & CO'S
AMERICAN STUDENT LAMP.



GUARANTEED THE BEST.

STRONG, STEADY LIGHT.

SIX TIMES CHEAPER THAN GAS. By long Experience we are enabled to make the *BEST STUDENT LAMP MADE*, and the *ONLY* one that raises and lowers the wick as shown in cut. Fully covered by letters patent. Price, Nickel Plated, $5.00. Liberal Discounts to the Trade. Send for Catalogue.

POST & COMPANY,
Manufacturers and Patentees,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

BAKER HOUSE,
North Second Street,
Half a square south of the L. & T. R. R. Depot,
LEWISBURG, PA.

New and commodious Building; Equipped in all departments with entirely new Furniture.

No efforts spared to make the BAKER HOUSE a pleasant, comfortable Home to all guests.

An excellent Livery attached.

W. N. BAKER, Proprietor.

Once again we call attention to our large line of

FURNITURE, &c.,

consisting in part of the following articles:

Parlor Suites. Chamber Suites, Dining Room Furniture. Tables, Stands, Chairs, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Springs of every description, Hair, Cotton, Husk and Straw Mattresses. We make a specialty of Hair Mattresses, and guarantee a better Mattress for less money than can be purchased elsewhere. Sofas. Lounges, Cradles, Hall Stands, CentreTables. Easy Chairs, Book Cases, Wardrobes, Mirrors, Frames, —What-Nots, Etc., Etc.,—

CARPETS!

BODY BRUSSELS, a fine line at low prices.
MOQUETTS, Smith's best, at $1.50—worth $2.00.
ROXBURY TAPESTRIES at $1.00; sold nowhere else for less than $1.25
LOWELL and other standard makes of extra super, at 75c. to 90c.
SINGLE and DOUBLE C. C. INGRAIN, 25 to 50c.
VELVETS, a large line at low prices.
A large line of Velvet, Smyrna, Turkish and other Rugs in novel and beautiful designs.
Also many other grades of standard carpets.
Extra Super CRUMB CLOTH.
CANTON MATTINGS, Red Check and fancy colors, 15 to 50c.
LINCOLEUM, Six different patterns.
OIL CLOTHS, 4-4 to 10-4, all prices and qualities.
WINDOW SHADES and Shade cloth in great variety.
Wall Paper the greatest variety and finest designs in Modern Art Paper Hanging.
All our patterns are selected for the best Retail Trade.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

CHICKERING PIANOS—The Standard of the World.
VOSE PIANOS—The Best for the Money
SMITH AMERICAN ORGANS—None Better.
Bridgeport, Taylor & Farley, Palace, Ithaca, Waterloo, Sterling, and all other First-Class Make of Organs. SHEET MUSIC, and a great variety of small Musical Instruments. ALL SOLD AT LOW PRICES.

CHINA AND SILVERWARE!

We have a fine stock in this department. We wish to close out and offer extra inducements to purchasers.
We invite the attention of every purchaser to the inducements we offer.
We handle goods in the largest quantities.
We are willing to sell at small margin.
the goods we handle are regular.
Correspondence and mail orders especially solicited.

J. R. SMITH & CO.,
110, 112, 114 Front street, Milton, Pa.

Spring Announcement!

The undersigned hereby informs the Ladies of Millheim and vicinity, that she has just received from the eastern cities a large assortment of

MILLINERY GOODS!

Hats and Bonnets, the following varieties:
Loop Edge Straw,
Fine Milan Straw,
English and American Chip,
Canton and Porcupine Straw,
Lake Queen,
Leghorn,

Trimmings, an endless stock of
Fine Velvet,
Satin Ribbons,
Velvet and Ottoman Ribbons,
Ottoman and Failletine Silks,
Splendid Stock of
Feathers and Flowers.

My stock of goods is more complete this season than heretofore and I shall aim to please my customers in *STYLE, PRICE* and *QUALITY.* A call at my shop will at once convince you.

MRS. ANNA M. WEAVER,
Penn St., Millheim, Pa.

Established 1841.

THE FORSYTH SCALE COMPANY,
YOUNGSTOWN, O.,
Manufacture all kinds of
SCALES
OF THE
FIRST QUALITY
AND AT
REASONABLE PRICES.
Send for Catalogue.
ALSO
Letter Presses,
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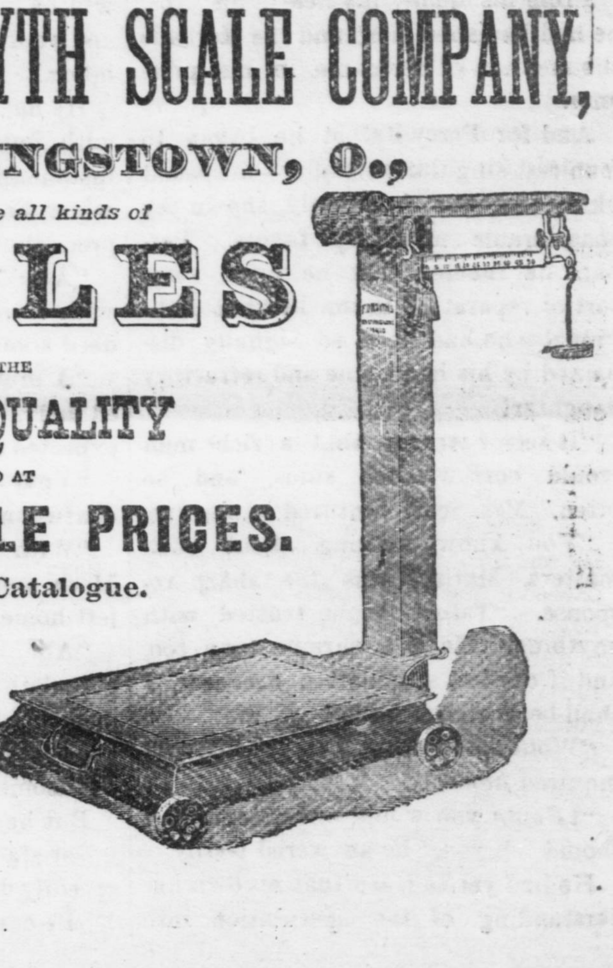
AND
BAGGAGE BARROWS.



The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, MAY 31ST, 1883.

BY DEININGER & BUMILLER.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

—A quiet Decoration Day in Millheim.

—Mr. P. H. Meyer has returned from his western trip.

—Mr. John Dutweiler, one of our venerable old men, is down with sickness.

—The quoiting bussiness is booming in Millheim. Other lines of trade are a little dull.

—The pleasant countenance of H. Gross Yearick, of Philadelphia,sho wed itself in town last week.

—Splendid Marriage Certificates,Confirmation Certificates, Baptismal Certificates, at the Journal Store. tf

—Mr. Jacob F. Stover, Haines township,has a lot of excellent lime for sale, in any quantity at the lowest ruling price. 2t

—The variations in the weather are from cool to rainy and from rainy to cool, with just a little sunshine occasiously.

—Lewisburg now talks of nail works and other industrial establishments. The town seems to be thoroughly a wakeued.

—A lot of beautiful Photograph and Autograph Albums, Fine Writing Paper and Stereoscopic Views, just received at the *Journal Store*.

—Mr. John Stover, of Painter, Mifflin, was here with his family, this week, to visit relatives and friends. John reports matters fairly prosperous over the mountains.

—Yony Harter had a gang of men and teams at work on Tuesday filling and grading around the new church, after which a neat fence and good stone crossing will be in order.

—Our Methodist friends will hold a quarterly meeting next Sunday at Spring Mills. Presiding Elder McGarrah is expected to be present. It is worth going five miles to hear him.

—The Missionary Institute at Selinsgrove celebrated its 25th annual commencement exercises last week. Rev. W. C. McCool delivered the Alumi address. The institute is in a flourishing condition.

—Our old friend Mr. Anthony Albert, of Wheaton, Ill, writes us that they have cold and raw spring weather and even some snow on the 21st of May. Otherwise our old neighbor is getting along well.

—The Bellefonte *Democrat* asks christian people to believe that Michael Cooney, of that place catches an average of 35 trout daily and that he is too dignified to accept anything in the trout line under 17 or 18 inches long.

—Those who are good judges in such matters say that the exredises and rehearsals of the Meyer Philharmonic Society are of a high order. We predict that the society will do itself honor at the coming Grand Jubilee at Selinsgrove.

—The Lutheran Ladies' Mite Society have concluded to postpone their intended festival to the *Fourth of July*. Of course strawberrys will be out of season then but we risk nothing by predicting that something equally delicious will be furnished.

—Mr Samuel P. Kerstetter, a prominent citizen of Lewisburg, committed suicide on Sunday night by shooting himself is the head. No cause for the dreadful deed in known. He had been suffering from malaria. He leaves a wife and five children.

SOMETHING FOR MILLHEIM TO THINK OVER.—A company for the manufacture of axes has been formed in Harrisburg. Owing to the high prices of building lots in Harrisburg it is probable that the factory will be built across the river, in Cumberland county.

—The Meyer Philharmonic Society meets at Aaronsburg this (Thursday) evening and at Rebersburg on Saturday evening. Dr. W. O. Perkins, of New York, the director of the coming Grand Jubilee at Selinsgrove, will visit and personally *muster* the Philharmonic at Aaronsburg next Tuesday evening.

—The West Susquehanna Classis at its recent session at Centre Hall appointed a committee to organize a congregation at Spring Mills. The Classis also passed a resolution unanimously in favor of Prohibition by constitutional amendment as the only legal remedy for the evils of intemperance.

—J. A. LIMBERT will carry express and freight goods from Coburn to any point along the route at the following rates : All packages weighing less than 100 pounds, to Millheim, 10 cts., to Aaronsburg, 15 cts., to Woodward, 25 cts. For packages weighing over 100 pounds a proportionate charge will be made.

A NOBLE ACT.—Mr. Jonathan Harter and Mr. R. A. Bumiller have purchased a fine $100 Ithaca organ and donated it to the St. John's Ev. Lutheran congregation of this place. It is a most fitting and very seasonable present. Such noble acts deserve not only passing mention but lasting gratitude on the part of congregations and communities.

—Dr. Geo. S. Frank, of Spring Mills, gave us a business call on Monday morning and ordered his professional card published in the JOURNAL. Dr. Frank begins his career under good auspices. He is a regular graduate from one of the best medical colleges in the country, possesses fine talents and an excellent character. We wish him abundant success.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.—We wish to inform the farmers of Penn's and adjoining valleys that we are prepared to repair all kinds of farm machinery, such as Reapers, Mower, &c., on short notice. Having competent workmen in our employ we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to those who will entrust their work to us.

S. K. SANKEY & CO.,
Foote's old stand, MILLHEIM, PA

—Elsewhere we publish a communication by "Penn township," recommending Maj. Fisher, of Penn Hall, to the vacant Associate Judgeship. We do not pretend to know what Maj. Fisher's feelings in the matter are, but we know that the reccommendation is made in good faith and candor and with a view to business. All that our correspondent says will meet a hearty response from the public in general.

CORNER STONE LAYING.—The corner stone of the new Zion Evangelical Lutheran Church at Madisonburg,Centre county,Pa., will be laid, D. V., with appropriate services on Sunday June 3rd. Rev. W. E. Fisher, of Centre Hall, will officiate.

The public is cordially invited to attend.

REUBEN GRIMM,
SAMUEL SHAFER,
ANDREW OCKER,
Building Committee.

Communicated,

Editors Journal :--

Permit me through your columns to suggest to the citizens of Centre county that Maj. J. B. Fisher,of Gregg township, would be the proper man to fill the chair of Associate Judge made vacant by the death of Hon. John K. Runkle. The major is a man of excellent qualifications,sound judgement, strictly honest in all his avocations of life, and of undoubted integrity. He would fill the place with much credit to himself and in a manner that every honest citizen of the county could feel proud of.

Let the voters of the county strongly reccommend Maj. Fisher to excellency, Gov. Pattison for appointment to the vacant position.

Penn Township.

LETTER FROM FREEPORT.

Freeport, Ill., May 25th, 1883.

Editors Journal :

I will endeavor to redeem my promise to you and give a brief account of our journey to this place.

Monday the 21st instant we left Woodward at 3 o'clock, P. M., in a drenching rain, for Millmont, where we took the train next morning. Here we met your young townsman, Mr. W. T. Auman, on his way to St. Louis, *via* Chicago. At Montandon Mr. Benjamin Smith, of the Broadway House, Milton, and Miss Jennie Smith, of Freeport, joined our company which was now augmented to seven—and a pleasant, social party we had. In passing through Ohio we noticed the streams much swollen by recent rains and snow. In fact there was yet much snow on the ground, and this gave the country a somewhat dreary aspect at this season of the year.

We arrived at Chicago, Wednesday evening, 4 P. M., without any special incident, except a detention of a few hours near Fort Wayne, Indiana, caused by the giving out of our engine. Chicago is truly a grand city. It is doubtful whether the wide world has another like it. Business, enterprise, push, talent and wealth, all combine to make Chicago one of the busiest and most successful trade centres in the world. It is in fact a miniature world in itself. The oldest locomotive engine ever built can now be seen here at the great Rail Road Exposition. It was built in England and is now quite a curiosity.

We left Chicago on Thursday at 4 P. M., and arrived at Freeport at 9 o'clock.

The principal towns along the line of the North Western Rail Road—Elgin, Rockford and Freeport, have all improved vastly since I last passed them. All of them have much more progressive spirit than the towns and cities of old Pennsylvania. This is a delightful country, and will some day have the most beautiful farmers' homes in the world. All the roads cross each other at right angles and many trees have been planted along all the road sides. In fact where twenty years ago nothing was seen but the raw prairie whole groves of planted trees, thrifty and beautiful, may now be seen.

Through Pennsylvania the crop prospects are very promising. Ohio does not appear so well, while Indiana is still worse. Illinois again looks well as far as I have seen.

Hoping this may find our old friends in Penns valley all well, and promising to write again from more distant points, I remain

Yours,
J. C. MOTZ.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, here is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Miscellaneous.

The Milton Nail Works turn out about 600 kegs of nails daily.

An exchange—a sort of circusometer—says that thirteen circuses will help to impoverish Pennsylvania, this year.

Mrs. Pinkham, whose potrait adorns nearly every newspaper in the land, died recently at her home in Lynn, Mass.

At a recent sale in Leipzig George Washington's autograph brought $28.75. Peter the Great's $27.75, Mary Queen of Scots' $80.75 and Marie Antoinett's $115.25.

R. B. Smith, of Meadville, has been arrested for violating the mail regulation. He offered $100 in counterfeit money for $1 and was caught while taking the responses out of the post office.

Ann Eliza Young, Brigham's wife No. 19, who lectured in Lewisburg some years ago, was married at Lodi, O., last Friday, to W. R. Denning, a prominent citizen of Manistee, Mich.

William Mosely was tried at Sunbury last week for murder of David Powell, at Mount Carmel, last winter. Maseley was found guilty in the second degree and sentenced to twelve years imprisonment.

By a new order of the Post-office Department postmasters are only required to keep letters for seven days before sending them to the dead-letter office. Heretofore the law compelled them to keep such letters thirty.

THE SILVER MINE near Indiantown, Lebanon county, was sold recently for $10 The total cost of the mine up to the day of sale was $20,000. It is to be inferred from this that silver mining in Pennsylvania is not a success.

The first consignment of the 100,000 California mountain trout fry, to be placed in the mountain streams of Pennsylvania, has been sent from the government hatching houses at Marietta to Hollidaysburg for distribution in the upper waters of the Juniata river

Twenty-four hundred California trout have recently been placed in the head-waters of the Juniata River. They are an exceedingly hardy fish and grow rapidly—and will weigh one pound when three years old—twice as much as the brook trout.

In Webster parish, Louisiana, a club of fourteen-year-old boys has been formed to compete with one another in the cultivation of one acre of corn each. The lad who produces the largest crop of corn on his acre is to receive five bushels of corn from each of the other members of the club.

The other Thursday morning the saw mill of Mr. Daniel Bear,in West Buffalo township, Union county, was totally destroyed by fire. A valuable span of horses, new buggy, harness and a lot of lumber, were consumed in the flames. The total loss is about $3000 and no insurance.

The little village of Accord, Ulster county, N. Y., is agitated because from the spot where a fiery meteor fell into a creek some curious youth has unearthed a huge sword, buried hilt deep in the mud, six feet long, and weighing seventeen pounds. This weapon, the inhabitants firmly believe,is the meteor that fell so swiftly from the silent sky. Its blade is covered with strange hieroglyphic inscriptions,and the workmanship is a wonder to the region round about.

It is well known that paper car wheels are now made that last as long as those made of metal. But a recent invention gives a process by which railroad ties can be made of paper. Thus the use of metal and wood can be saved. As experiments in these two cases have proved so successful it can easily be seen that the consolidation of paper pulp into a hard and serviceable substance promises to work wonders in replacing metals and wood.

A most singular occurance took place in Union county, near Allenwood, last week. There lived in one house, at the end of the Allenwood bridge, two sisters named Mrs. Antes and Mrs. Seifert, aged 79 and 88 years. They lived very affectionately together, and severel times both spoke of their desire to die at the same time, as they feared that if one would die first the other would be left destitute and with no one to care for her. Strange to say, the one took sick and died on last Friday evening about 7 o'clock, and the next morning at eight o'clock the other also departed this life. They were both members of the Baptist Church and devout Christians. On Monday two coffins and a large procession of people were seen moving off from their late residence toward the Baptist cemetery in Gregg township, where they both were interred in the same grave. They were the last two of a generation.—Watsontown *Record*.

Snow at Toledo.

TOLEDO, May 21.—Snow began falling here at noon to-day, and 3 p. m., was still snowing hard with about three inches on the ground.

Snow in Virginia.

LYNCHBURG, Va., May 23.—Snow fell last night to the depth of a foot out on the line of the Richmond and Allegheny railroad between Lynchburg and Clifton Forge. The weather is exceeding cold,and is doing considerable damage to the crops.

Taxes Recovered by the State.

LEWISBURG, Pa., May 23.—In the suit of the auditor general against Isaac Reish the state to-day recovered $1,400 collater inheritance tax on the estate of his brother, John Reish, who died in 1878. John Reish was a wealthy old bachelor and a few days before he died made a deed of all his property to his brother, thereby thinking to avoid payment of the tax.

How Billy Edwards Circumvented a Bear.

From the Montana Independent.

Billy was out hunting a horse last week and when in a canyon near Ross' Hole his dog treed a black bear. He was in a quandry, as he had no gun. If he left and went home for his gun his dog would follow and thus leave bruin to go in peace. So he took his halter rope, tied the dog to the tree, rode hastily home several miles,got his gun and returned. The boys in that neighborhood are feasting on bear meat.

Swept by a Cyclone.

ST. LOUIS, May 24.—A cyclone swept through Howell county last Friday and Saturday causing great loss of property. Every house in the town of Moody was blown down and several persons were badly injured. Great damage was also done by a tornado in Mares county. A horse was picked up and carried a quarter of a mile. A turtle eleven inches in diameter was scooped out of the creek and dropped in Vienna, three miles distant. Several persons were severely injured. In Millen county the storm was also very severe. As far as heard from a dozen farms in the neighborhood of Iberia were ruined and a school house torn to pieces.

A Duck's Ruse Against a Dog.

From the Detroit Free Press.

While hunting above the Grand river dam a man shot, but did not kill one of two ducks which were mates. He sent his dog into the river after it and as the injured one could not swim very fast he dog was likely to get it. Seeing this, the other one, which had swam quite aways ahead, turned about and came near the dog, which immediately left the other and chased this. The duck now just kept out of reach of the dog and led it down towards the dam and just before reaching it dove under. The dog failed to get it and, being so near the dam, he went over and came very near drowning.

MARRIED.

On the 23rd inst., at the residence of Mr. Potteicher at Coburn, by Jacob Eisenhuth, Esq., Mr. Edward C. Camble, of Linden Hall, to Miss Ada M. Deebler, of Coburn.

DIED.

On the 27th inst., in Gregg township, Mr. Wolf, aged 58 years, 9 months and 6 days.

Millheim Market.

Corrected every Wednesday

Wheat, old,	1.10
" new, No. 2	95
" " No. 3	75
Corn	65
Rye	70
Oats White	
Buckwheat	
Flour	5.60
Bran & Shorts, per ton	20.00
Salt, per Brl.	1.50
Plaster, ground	9.50
Cement, per Bushel	45 to 50
Barley	
Tymothyseed	
Flaxseed	
Cloverseed	8.50
Butter	20
Hams	17
Sides	13
Veal	
Pork	
Beef	
Eggs	16
Potatoes	60
Lard	15
Tallow	
Soap	5
Dried Apples	
Dried Peaches	
Dried Cherries	

COAL MARKET AT COBURN.

Egg Coal	$5.25
Stove "	5.25
Chestnut	5.00
Pea	3.50
Pea by the car load	3.40

A. HARTER,

Auctioneer,

MILLHEIM, PA.

W. J. SPRINGER,

Fashionable Barber,

Next Door to JOURNAL Store, Main Street,
MILLHEIM, PA.

DR. D. H. MINGLE,

Physician & Surgeon,

Office on Main Street,
MILLHEIM, PA.

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Practical Dentist,

Office opposite the Millheim Banking House,
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Practices in all the courts of Centre county. Special attention to Collections. Consultations in German or English.

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Office in Garman's new building.

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Attorneys-at-Law,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Office on Alleghany Street, North of High Street

DR. GEO. S. FRANK,

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Office in Mr. Philip Shook's residence, near the Spring Mills House.
Professional calls promptly answered. 3m

B. HARRIS,

—MARKET STREET,—

LEWISBURGH, PA.

ANOTHER BOOM

For Union and Centre Counties.

We have just bought for Cash the entire Stock of one of the largest Retail Stores in Central New York for about one quarter the value. The Stock consists in part as follows :

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR,

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

THE FINEST LINE OF HOSIERY EVER OFFERED FOR SALE IN THE COUNTY.

Buttons, Gloves, Corsets, Ribbons, Pocket-Books, Hair Switches, Jewelry, Ladies' Muslin Underwear, Infant's Robes, & Cloaks, Children's Dresses,

and an endless variety of other goods which we cannot enumerate, but will sell them equally as cheap as we bought them, and those who wish to get any of the above at about

ONE QUARTER THE VALUE

will please call early as they will be disposed of very quick.

WE ARE NO RECEIVING OUR USUAL STOCK OF

—SPRING MILLINERY,—

HATS AND BONNETS,

TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED,

FOR LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN.

Dress Trimming and other Fancy Goods in endless variety at

B. HARRIS'

Market Street, Lewisburg, Pa.

BUY YOUR

BOOTS & SHOES

AT

J. KAMP'S

LOCK HAVEN, PA.

A. SIMON & SONS,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS,

keep the largest stock in the

143 MAIN STREET,
LOCK HAVEN.

GO TO

SIMON BROTHERS,

THE BOSS CLOTHIERS

for your Clothing.

45 MAIN STREET,
LOCK HAVEN.

BROCKERHOFF HOUSE,

ALLEGHENY ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.

C. G. McMILLEN,
PROPRIETOR.

Good Sample Room on First Floor. Free Buss to and from all trains. Special rates to witnesses and jurors.

IRVIN HOUSE,

(Most Central Hotel in the city.)
CORNER OF MAIN AND JAY STREETS,
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Good Sample Rooms for Commercial Travelers on first floor.

D. H. Hastings. W. F. Reeder.

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Office on Allegheny Street, two doors east of the office occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings.

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—DEALER IN—

Clover Seed,
Flour & Feed,
Coal,
Plaster &
Salt.

COBURN, PA.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE ALWAYS PAID.

A full supply of Coal, Plaster and Salt always on hand and sold at the lowest price.

Coal kept under roof at all seasons of the year.

The public patronage respectfully solicited. 39ly

D. H. LENKER,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

FURNITURE,

Aaronsburg, Penna.

Chamber Suits, Bureaus, Lounges, Bedsteads, Stands, Marble-Top Centre Tables, Breakfast Tables, Dining Tables, Extension Tables, Sideboards, Sinks and all kinds of Kitchen Furniture, Cane or Wood Seat Chairs. Rockers, Spring-Beds, Wire, Wool and Hair Matresses, every style of Mouldings for Picture Frames. Frames of any size made to order.

Undertaking a Speciality.

I keep a complete line of undertaker's goods always on hand.

A share of public patronage respectfully solicited. 50-6m

The Pennsylvania Force-Feed Fertilizer Grain Drill.

Warranted the most perfect Force-Feed Fertilizer Drill in existence. Send for circular, A. B. FARQUHAR, York, Pa.

Pennsylvania Agricultural Works, York, Pa.

Farquhar's Standard Engines & Saw Mills.

Address, A. B. FARQUHAR, York, Pa.

STEAM ENGINES, A. B. FARQUHAR, York Pa. Cheapest and best for all purposes—simple, strong and durable. SAW, GRIST MILLS AND MACHINERY generally. Inquiries promptly answered. Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

Vertical Engines, with or without wheels, very convenient, economical and complete in every detail, best and cheapest Vertical in the world. Fig. 1. is Engine in use. Fig. 2 ready for use.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

THE FARQUHAR SEPARATOR (Warranted.)

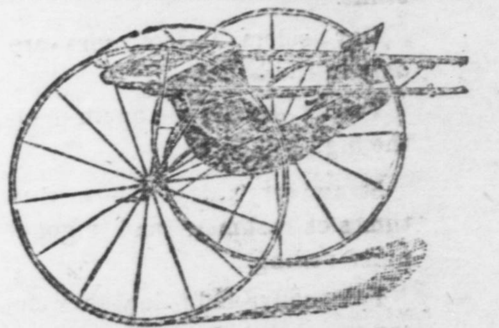
Pennsylvania Agricultural Works York, Pa.

Lightest draft and most simple, economical and perfect in use. Wastes no grain cleans it ready for market.

Steam Engines, Horse Power and Threshers of all kinds. Also Plows, Cultivators, &c. &c.

Address A. B. FARQUHAR, York, Pa.

FARQUHAR KEYSTONE CORN PLANTER Warranted the best corn dropper and most perfect force-feed fertilizer distributor in the world. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. Address A. B. FARQUHAR, York, Pa.



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Thoroughly well made and sold at a Low Price.

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THREE STYLES,

Weighing from 90 to 160 lbs. Prices from $50 to $60.

First-Class in every respect, and everybody likes them. Send for Illustrated Price List.

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SYRACUSE, N. Y.
ESTABLISHED 1832.

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A NOTED DIVINE SAYS:

DR. TUTT:—*Dear Sir:* For ten years I have been a martyr to Dyspepsia, Constipation and Piles. Last spring your pills were recommended to me; I used them (but with little faith). I am now a well man, have good appetite, digestion perfect, regular stools, piles gone, and I have gained forty pounds solid flesh. They are worth their weight in gold.

REV. R. L. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky.

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the Shoulder blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, Loss of memory, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering of the heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache, Restlessness at night, highly colored Urine.

IF THESE WARNINGS ARE UNHEEDED, SERIOUS DISEASES WILL BE DEVELOPED.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

Try this remedy fairly, and you will gain a healthy Digestion, Vigorous Body, Pure Blood, Strong Nerves, and a Sound Liver. Price, 25 Cents. Office, 35 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

Gray Hair and Whiskers changed to a Glossy Black by a single application of this Dye. It imparts a natural color, acts Instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1. Office, 35 Murray St., New York.

(DR. TUTT'S MANUAL of Valuable Information and Useful Receipts will be mailed FREE on application.)

THE WORLD'S LEADER

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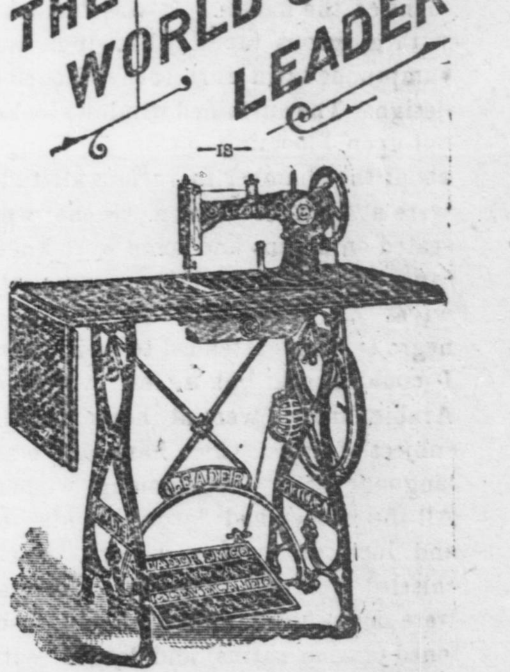

Henderson's Leader.

IT IS NOT ONLY THE BEST-MADE, BUT IT IS THE LIGHTEST-RUNNING, QUIETEST AND SIMPLEST IN THE MARKET.

IT IS THE ACME OF PERFECTION IN WORKMANSHIP AND PRINCIPLE.

OUR MOTTO

PROTECTION TO DEALERS;
MAINTENANCE OF GOOD RETAIL PRICES;
NO PROMISCUOUS SCATTERING OF WHOLESALE PRICES.

Agents WANTED.

FOR PARTICULARS ADDRESS

The Leader Sewing Machine Co.,
CLEVELAND, OHIO.

LADIES' DEPARTMENT.

An Artist's Delicate Hint.

Mr. Healey of New York, had some time since as a subject for a portrait a young lady who came to his studio so dedizzened with paint and powder that every characteristic line was obliterated. Mr. Healey was, of course in a dilemma. He could not order the girl to go and wash her face. He would lose his commission, and he is too polite a gentleman. He could not lay the same paint on canvas that there was on her face; it would not be satisfactory to the family. When the sketch was lined in he rose from his seat, sat down beside his subject, and kindly asked her if she was feeling as well as usual. Surprised of course, she replied that she was. "But, Miss Jones, you walked from your hotel, did you not?" "Yes." "And you came hurriedly up stairs without stopping to rest?" "Why yes, of course." "Ah, yes, Miss Jones, but you see, though you may not be feverish, you have exerted yourself so severely that there is so much color in your face that I fear it would mislead me. Now to-morrow, if you will be so good, please bathe your cheeks in cool water the last thing, come in a close carriage, and stop and rest yourself upon the sofa you will find on every landing. In that way I am sure we shall have no more trouble." His speech had the desired effect. The faint flush on her face when she came the next day, was perfectly natural and did not at all retard the picture.—*Washington Capital.*

Fashion Notes.

Even mantles are made of plaid stuffs.

Gay colors in costumes are worn only in the house.

French dresses are again made with the high puffed sleeve.

Strawberry velvet trims white costumes of cashmere and vigogne and nuns' veiling.

Pale mauve and pale yellow embroidery on white kid appears as a trimming for evening toilets.

Red in moderate quantities gives a fine dash of bright color to black, gray, pale blue, and ecru dresses.

It is the fashion of the season to use figured goods for the lower skirt and plain goods for the waist and overskirt. The exception that proves this rule is when Watteau over dresses are made of gay figured sateens with plain skirts flounced with lace.

Black satin and silk suits for summer wear are made up in the simplest styles, imitating the woolen costumes made by the tailors. The black draperies fall in wing-like points on very light pleatings or even on skirts that are quite plain in the back-breadths and the aprons are untrimmed.

The trimmings for dress skirts are not elaborate, yet are very effective. To finish the foot of Ottoman silk or Sicilienne skirts are four bias gathered frills, made quite scant, an eighth of a yard wide when finished, and sewed on to lap half their depth to give a bunchy appearance; these have a self-binding or milliner's fold on the lower edge.

VISIT TO A HAREM.

What the Wife of a New York Minister Saw in One.

The ladies of the literary society of the Madison Avenue Congregational church, New York, listened in the church lecture room to a description by Mrs. John P. Newman, the wife of the clergyman, of her visit to the harem of the pasha of Hillah, Babylon. Mrs. Newman's visit was made ten years ago, when she was traveling with her husband, who was not permitted to accompany her into the interior of the harem.

"The gates of the 'Abode of Bliss,'" said Mrs. Newman, "closed instantly after I entered the building. A long corridor opened into the main apartment of the harem. It was furnished with gorgeous tapestry hangings, and sumptuous satin furniture of curious design. The curtained windows looked out upon blooming gardens. Ranged about the chamber in various attitudes were a score of women. Some were seated on divans and some were kneeling. Thirteen of them were the wives of the pasha. A cloud of negro servants attended to their wants. I could speak but a few words of Arabic, but we were at home on the subject of dress, which has a universal language of its own among women. All the women had large, long-lashed and lustrous eyes, and dark, finely chiseled features. Their costumes were magnificent, and strangely fashioned of rich satins and loaded with ornaments of gold and jewels and garlands of pearls. Their head-dresses were of silken gauze, held by bands of gold, and surmounted by graceful ostrich feathers. They wore silk trousers and silver slippers, and their finger nails were tinged with yellow. To an elderly lady, very queenly in her movements, implicit obedience was yielded by the others. The air of the apartment was heavy with the perfume of sandal wood. A crowd of colored servants brought in cigarettes and sweetmeats and coffee, and of these delicacies I was pressed to partake.

"The eating of these dainties and gossiping with each other the whole day long is the sole occupation of these women of the harem. They live in luxurious bondage, in blissful ignorance of the outside world. I longed to reveal its beauties and possibilities to them, but could converse only by gestures. Before I left, a baby pasha was shown to me. Its mother looked like a veritable 'Sleeping Beauty.' The babe was wrapped in folds of fine linen, and its wardrobe consisted of over fifty different articles of apparel. The interest shown in the baby and the mother by the other women of the harem was to me a beautiful evidence of the universal sisterhood of women."

Pantaloons.

"Can you remember the styles of pantaloons that have prevailed in this country?"

"Let me see," said the tailor; "yes, they are all before me in my mind's eye. There were the breeches of the period immediately succeeding the Revolution. They were short, reaching only to the knees, mostly made of cloth, buttoning at the sides. The wealthy wore them of velvet, or corduroy, as the fancy seized them, or of doe cloth. The first long pantaloons, as I have told you were merely comfortable bags, and this was principally due to the fact that they were home-spun—made by willing, but unskillful, hands. The first improvement was when they were so altered in construction as to button elsewhere than at the side. Suspenders were not used until comparatively recent times, somewhere about 1840, I believe.

"Distinctive styles in breeches date from the close of the war. Then there came the garments tight at the waist and to the knees, where they bagged enormously, giving the appearance of swelled joints. The pockets were called 'top pockets,' and could be reached only by pulling the vest up to the chin. Later they were cut high in the waist and medium in the legs. This was a return to first principles. The next to achieve popularity were those miserable 'tights.' They fitted the nether extremities like eelskins, and suddenly swelled to awful proportions at the bottom. They were the invention of a rowdy, and it was a shame decent people ever wore them. I'm glad they're gone. The hip pockets came into fashion along with the 'tights.' Young bloods fain would carry pistols, and, it being found cumbersome to add another pocket to the coat, the inoffensive breeches were subject to the gross imposition. At first the buttons of these garments were made of bone, then of rubber, later of metal, and now of metal in the shape of rivets, that decay only when the breeches themselves become deceased. The present styles are elegant, and a decided advance on any that have preceded. The trousers of to-day is as complete an institution as can be wished for. There are well-contrived recesses for the watch, the pistol, the whisky flask, keys, knife, comb, handkerchief, pocket-book; in short, everything that the most fastidious man could desire to have about him. The only thing left for man to do is to learn how to wear breeches. Tall, slim men, with spider legs, should wear close, but not tight-fitting, garments; fat men look best in tight pantaloons; swells wear stripes; gamblers, plaids; Quakers, quiet colors; ministers, plain black cloth. Reporters glory in broadcloth, much to the disgust of the tailors."—*Philadelphia Press.*

The Pulse of Animals.

In horses the pulse at rest beats forty times, in an ox from fifty to fifty-five, and in sheep and pigs about seventy to eighty beats per minute. It may be felt wherever a large artery crosses a bone, for instance. It is in the horse on the cord which crosses over the bone of the lower jaw in front of its curved position, or in the bony ridge above the eye; and in cattle over the middle of the first rib, and in sheep by placing the hand on the left side, where the beating of the heart may be felt. Any material variation of the pulse from the figures given above may be considered a sign of disease. If rapid, hard, and full, it is an indication of high fever or inflammation; if rapid, small, and weak, low fever, loss of blood, or weakness. If slow, the probabilities point to brain disease, and if irregular, to heart troubles. This is one of the principal and sure tests of the health of an animal.

Long Finger Nails.

According to the writer of an article on "Extraordinary Finger Nails" in the World of Wonders, it is the custom of the Chinese, Siamese, and Annamese to allow the nails on all their fingers, except the fore finger, to grow to a great length, and among the former they sometimes attain the incredible length of from 16 to 18 inches. Among the Siamese so distinctive a mark of nobility are long nails esteemed that the belles and beaux wear silver cases, either to protect their nails or else to make people believe they are there, whereas in reality they are not. As regards the little finger, the writer tells us that "Ambassadors and visitors of distinction from Asiatic states to Europe are often observed to permit the excessive growth of the nail of the little finger, and this is also a common occurrence with many of the people of India and other parts of Asia."

LATEST NEWS.

LONDON.—May, 27 The Emperor of Russia was crowned in the Kremlin Palace at Moscow yesterday with imposing ceremonies. No accident occurred to mar the ceremonies. The Czar has issued a proclamation granting amnesty to certain political prisoners. He has also conferred the order of St. Alexander Nowski, in diamonds, upon M. de Giers, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

The Peruvian Congress convened at Arequipa on the 20th instant. On the 22d Montenero sent a long message treating of the gloomy outlook before the country, praising the loyalty of Bolivia to the alliance, arraigning Chili as aggressive and characterizing her offers of peace as too unjust to be accepted by Peru. The message closes with an expression that little hope of peace is entertained at present.

1,500 people took part in an anarchist demonstration in Paris yesterday.

The reported defeat of the French in Tonquin is confirmed.

A Burlin law student has been shot and killed in a duel.

The Swedish ministry have resigned.

Three mortgages from the Cincinnati, Washington and Baltimore Railway company have been filed in the recorder's office at Cincinnati; The first, for $3,040 000, to secure the second mortgage bonds of the road; the second, for $2,270,000, to secure the third mortgage bonds; the third to secure $3,500,000 of first income bonds and $4,000,000 of second income bonds.

The Muskogee I. T., colored people, in the Cherokee Nation, have drawn up a strong protest against the recent action of the Cherokee Council in declaring that the large amount of money received from the government in payment for lands shall be distributed only to Cherokees by blood.

The legal proceedings instituted against the Rochester and Pittsburg Railroad by the Lackawanna Bailroad Company relative to a crossing culminated in a fight in Buffalo for its pessession. Fifteen cars of the two roads were destroyed.

The shoe manufacturers and shoe operatives of Cincinnati have terminated the lock-out, which has kept 2,500 men idle for a fortnight. All hands will resume work and leave the settlement of the difficulty to arbitration.

The body of a young woman with her throat cut floated in on the beach at Point Breeze, the extreme end of Coney Island, on Saturday.

Mrs. Myra Clark Gaines, in a letter to the mayor of New Orleans, proposes to compromise her judgments against that city for $1,317,000.

It is announced that there is a deficiency of $8,000 in the accounts of Joseph Nail, assistant postmaster at Atlanta, Ga,

In the competitive drill at Nashville Tenn., on Saturday the $4,000 prize was awarded to the Mobile Rifles, the $1,000 prize to the Crescent Rifles of New Orleans and the $500 prize to the Treadway Rifles of St. Louis. Battery C, Louisiana Field Artillery, had the highest score, 955. Frank J. Badger, of the Crescent Rifles, took the first prize cup for the best drilled man. Eichborn's Band, of Louisville, Ky., took the first prize; Hotlewaite's Band, of St. Louis, the second prize, and the Decoran Drum Corps. of Decotah, Iowa, took the gold-headed drum-stick. The Mobile Rfles were given a grand reception on their arrival at home.

GENERAL NEWS.

LONDON, May 25.—Archbishop Croke in his speech at Thurles on Thursday gave an account of his interview with the Pope.

It is believed that Lord Granville has sent a communication to the French government expressing regret at the action of France towards Madagascar.

The display of devotion on the part of the people on the day of the Czar's entry into Moscow is commented upon by the foreign journals.

Two hundred and fifty pounds were subscribed at Cork yesterday to the Parnell testimonial.

John Behan, correspondent of the New York *Irish World*, has been arrested.

Anti-Jewish riots have broken out at Rosoff, Russia.

LONDON, May 24.—The proclamation announcing the coronation of the Czar on Sunday next was formally made in Moscow yesterday.

Mr. Errington and his recent errand to the Vatican were discussed in the English House of Commons yesterday. The subject of shortening the term of imprisonment of Messrs. Davitt, Healy and Quinn was also mentioned.

Mr. Justin McCarthy, M. P., has said in a speech to the Parnellite members of Parliament that it is the duty of all Irishmen now to contribute to the Parnell fund.

A severe drought prevails in some parts of Cuba. In Cabarien a demijohn of water is sold for fifteen cents.

The Arctic exploring vessel Sophia sailed from Gothenburg for Greenland yesterday.

Further advices have been received from the French troops in Madagascar.

While the United States Express Company's wagon was standing at the Union depot, at Cleveland, an expert thief substituted two pouches stuffed with paper for two money pouches while a confederate attracted the driver's attention. Seeing that he had the right number of pouches the messenger drove to the company's office and did not discover the loss until he removed the pouches from the wagon. The stolen pouches contained about $15,000.

Thomas J. Morrow was nominated for governor by the Kentucky Republican State convention at Lexington on Wednesday night, on the sixth ballot.

Augustus C. Rand, captain, and Thomas Penders, mate of the steamer Tropic, tried in the United States District Court at Philadelphia for violating the neutrality laws by carrying arms and insurgents to Hayti, have been found guilty.

At Helena, Ark., Judge Sanderson was struck with a cane and shot at by a man named Moore, because the Judge refused to be interviewed on a trial pending. One shot took effect in the Judge's hand.

The Martinsburg *Independent* says that there is evidently a gang of horse thieves industriously at work in Berkeley county, and cautions owners of horses to keep a sharp lookout for them.

New York and Brooklyn, have been united by the opening of the bridge. The ceremonies were upon a grand scale. and thousands of people enjoyed the fete.

There were heavy frosts in portions of Illinois and Iowa, and in central and southern Missouri. In the section of Illinois recently swept by cyclones the early vegetables have been entirely destroyed by frosts, and the fruit and grain have been badly damaged.

Snow drifted a foot deep on the line of the Richmond and Alleghany Railroad, between Lynchburg and Clifton Forge, on Tuesday night. The cold weather is damaging the crops in that section of Virginia.

A personal friend of President Arthur who claims to be fully advised of the President's intentions, writes to the New Haven Palladium that under no circumstances will he be a candidate for re-election. He says the President's health is poor, he chafes under the wear and tear of his office, and looks forward with intense longing to the day of his release from his irksome responsibilities.

David Todd, son of Justice Todd, of the Louisiana Supreme Court, and Jos. Levesey, of the Mascot, fought a duel near New Orleans. After exchanging harmless shots at fifteen paces, both parties declared themselves satisfied.

Snow, rain and frosts continue in the Northern and Western States, doing heavy damage to crops and property. The cold weather extends to Georgia, and fears are entertained of damage to the cotton crop.

Demurrers to the new indicements found against United States Marshal Strobach, in the United States Court at Montgomery, Ala., has been sustained by Judge Bruce. The grand jury brought in still another series of indictments against Strobach, one of which charges him with perjury. Indictments were also found against Thomas J. Scott, now United States land register, for his conduct while United States deputy marshal.

Emlin Hewes, an extensive commission dealer in lumber at Wilmington, Del., ha failed, with liabilities estimated at $100,000 assets less than $25,000.

The New Jersey prohibitionists held a State convention at Trenton and nominated Dr. Isaac N. Quimby. of Jersey City, for governor.

The extensive steam bakery and candy manufactory of J. C. H. Claussen & Co., in Charleston S. C., has been totally destroyed by fire; loss $40,000. A colored employe of the establishment, who slept on the premises, was burned in the building.

The gross earnings of the Northern Central Railway Company, of Pennsylvania, for April were $476,325. 44; expenses, $281,541.40; net earnings, $194,763.04; being an increase of $41,683.77 as compared with the corresponding month last year.

Pennsylvania Notes.

Alexander Scott, son of the Hon. John Scott, of Pittsburg, Pa., counsel of the Pennsylvania railroad, was killed by cowboys in New Mexico on the 17th of May. Mr. Scott was engaged in cattle raising.

Small-pox of a virulent type has broken out in the Lancaster county (Pa.) prison, and the institution has been placed in quarantine by the local board of health. No person, with the exception of the keepers and physicians, are allowed to leave the building, and a similar prohibition has been placed on all manufactured goods.

In Pittsburg Thomas Welch was fatally stabbed by his wife with a red-hot bayonet. Welch had been drinking and struck his, wife she picked up a bayonet used as a poker for stirring the fire, and ran it through his left lung.

Thirteen prisoners at the Lancaster (Pa.) jail are ill with small-pox.

Many of the large iron establishments in and near Pittsburg are gradually introducing natural gas and dispensing with coal as fuel in certain copartments of their wosks. Many residences at the east end of the city are also lighted and heated by the natural gas, breught to their doors by pipe lines. The newspapers hope that this change of fuel will become general, and remove from Pittsburg the reproach of being the "Smoky city."

Washington Notes.

Over $2,000,000 in United States notes and gold and silver certificates were reduced to pulp in the Treasury Department Wednesday by the macerating process. This is greatly in excess of the average amount destroyed.

The Department of State has been advised that a treaty of peace has been concluded between Chili and Peru.

An Accurate Time-piece.

* * * While on the subject of Waltham watches, we may mention that we have seen a letter from the Commander of the *Gordon Castle* (Castle line of Steam Packets), who was fortunate enough to save life at sea, and who for his gallant conduct was presented in September last with a Gold Keyless Waltham Watch by the President of the United States, on behalf of the London Local Marine Board. Referring to this Presentation Watch, he says: "When I left London the watch was six seconds fast, and on my arrival at Singapore it was only three seconds slow, a most extraordinary performance for a watch, as I carried it on my person the whole time. I compared it every day with my chronometers on the passage out, and it seldom or ever differed one second from them; in fact, I found it almost, if not as good as my chronometers, which is a great deal to say for a watch carried about and subject to all kinds of jolts."—*London, England, The Watchmaker, Jeweler and Silversmith, February 5, 1883.*

THE MARKETS.

BALTIMORE.		
FLOUR—City Mills extra..	$4 25	@5 00
WHEAT—Southern Fultz...	1 17	@1 20
CORN—Southern white.....	55	@ 56
Do yellow..........	65	@ 66
RYE—Good..........	73	@ 75
OATS—Maryland........	52	@ 55
COTTON—Middling........	10½	@ 10⅞
Good ordinary.........	9	@ 9⅛
HAY—Md. and Pa. Timot'y	17 00	@ 19 00
STRAW—Wheat..........	8 00	@ 10 00
BUTTER—Western prime..	26	@ 28
West Virginia........	22	@ 24
CHEESE—New York State choice..........	13	@ 14
Western prime..........	13	@ 13½
EGGS..........	17	@ 18
CATTLE..........	5 50	@ 6 72
SWINE..........	9	@ 10¾
SHEEP AND LAMBS..........	5	@ 7½
TOBACCO LEAF—Inferior.	1 50	@ 2 00
Good common..........	3 00	@ 4 50
Middling..........	6 00	@ 8 00
Good to fine red..........	8 50	@ 10 00
Fancy..........	1000	@ 14 00
NEW YORK.		
COTTON—Middling upland	11	@ 11¼
FLOUR—Southern com. to fair extra..........	4 50	@5 30
WHEAT—No. 1 white......	1 22	@1 22½
RYE—State..........	74	@ 78
CORN—Southern Yellow....	68	@ 70
OATS—White State.........	59	@ 60
BUTTER—State..........	20	@ 25
CHEESE—State..........	9	@ 13
EGGS..........	20	@ 28
PHILADELPHIA.		
FLOUR—Penna. fancy.......	4 75	@5 10
WHEAT—Pa. and Southern red..........	1 24	@1 26
RYE—Pennsylvania..........	70	@ 73
CORN—Southern yellow....	64	@ 70
OATS..........	51	@ 52
BUTTER—State..........	20	@ 25
EGGS—State..........	15	@ 17

CLIPPINGS FOR THE CURIOUS.

Fire engines were invented by Ctesibius 250 B. C.

The first recorded plague in all parts of the world occurred 767 B. C.

There are only three counties in Pennsylvania in which tobacco is not cultivated.

A man breathes about eighteen times a minute, and use 3000 cubic feet, or about 375 hogsheads of air per hour.

Every able-bodied adult in Norway is to receive a musket and be instructed in its use at the expense of the state.

Roman citizens generally had three names, one denoting the individual, another his clan, and the third the branch of the clan, and sometimes he had still a fourth.

Hannah Tyler, of New Haven, Conn., lost her speech fifteen years ago. She fell from her chair recently, and although severely injured, she recovered her voice, and now converses freely.

Seven inches from the outside of a log, in a Philadelphia saw-mill, the saw passed through a walnut which was embedded in the solid wood. The shell and kernel of the nut were sound. The growth of the tree shows that the nut is at least fifty years old.

Winnipeg, the political capital of Manitoba, shows phenomenal growth. It was incorporated in 1874, with a population of only 3000, and an assessment of $3,000,000, but it has a population now of 30,000, and the assessment this year amounts to $30,000,000.

The Prince of Wales has a brand-new palace car to travel in, which is described as marvelously esthetic and altogether utter. It is fifty feet long and contains a saloon, study, two bed-rooms, two dressing-rooms and a bath-room. The prince's bed room is hung with old gold silk, and the furniture is upholstered to match. Mirrors are let into the door panels, and the whole suite can be lighted either by candles or electricity,

For weak lungs, spitting of blood, shortness of breath, consumption, night sweats and all lingering coughs, Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" is a sovereign remedy. Superior to cod liver oil. By druggists.

Did you ever think what you would do if you had Vanderbilt's income?—*Norristown Register.* Well, no; but we have often wondered what Vanderbilt would do if he had our income.—*Philadelphia News.*

"FEMALE COMPLAINTS."

DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.: *Dear Sir*—I was sick for six years, and could scarcely walk about the house. My breath was short and I suffered from pain in my breast and stomach all the time; also from palpitation and an internal fever, or burning sensation, and experienced frequent smothering or choking sensations. I also suffered from pain low down across my back, and was much reduced in flesh. I have used your "Golden Medical Discovery" and "Favorite Prescription," and feel that I am well. Very respectively,
DELILAH B. McMILLIAN, Arlington, Ga.

The proposition is made in Boston to have a school holiday in the middle of the week, instead of Saturday, after the usage common elsewhere.

CANCERS AND OTHER TUMORS are treated with unusual success by World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. Send for pamphlet.

Oranges and lemons lose 25 per cent. in transportation to this country; pineapples, 30 per cent., and cocoanuts 8 per cent.

Should you be a sufferer from dyspepsia, indigestion, malaria or weakness, you can be cured by Brown's Iron Bitters.

There were seventy-two American earthquakes last year.

TOCCOA CITY, Ga.—Dr. J. P. Newman says: "Brown's Iron Bitters are very popular, and their use always results satisfactorily."

A tremendous miss-understanding. The Chicago girl's foot.

BALTIMORE, Md.—Rev. W. H. Chapman says: "I deem Brown's Iron Bitters a most valuable tonic for general ill-health."

Banana pie is a new conspiracy against American digestion.

Frazer Axle Grease.

One greasing lasts two weeks; all others two or three days. Do not be imposed upon by the humbug stuffs offered. Ask your dealer for Frazer's, with label on. It saves your horse labor, and you too. It received first medal at the Centennial and Paris expositions. Sold everywhere.

"Rough on Rats."

Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, bedbugs, ants, skunks, chipmunks, gophers. 15c. D'g'sts.

WALCOTT, the gentleman who ate thirty brace of quails in thirty days, was relieved from any disagreeable stomach troubles by using GASTRINE, and took nothing else during the task. Sold by druggists.

Mother Swan's Worm Syrup.

Infallible, tasteless, harmless, cathartic; feverishness, restlessness, worms, constipation. 25c.

The North American Indians, especially the Seneca tribe, made such frequent use of petroleum that for many years it was only known as Seneca Oil. Now it is known as Carboline, the Wonderful Hair Renewer.

"Buchu-Pabia."

The Quick, complete cure, annoying Kidney, Bladder, Urinary Diseases. $1. Druggists

Chrolithion collars and cuffs, while thoroughly waterproof, feel as soft as velvet around the neck and wrists.

ONE pair of boots saved every year by using Lyon's Patent Metallic Heel Stiffeners.

There is nothing in this world which so quickly curdles or turns sour as the milk of human kindness.

Mothers, Attention!

Chas. Jones, of Elizabeth, Spencer county, Ind., says: "I have dealt in medicine a number of years, and will say that Dr. Roger's Vegetable Worm Syrup is the most valuable medicine I ever sold. My customers are well pleased with its effects.

The Testimony of a Physician.

James Beecher, M. D., of Sigourney, Iowa, says: "For several years I have been using a Cough Balsam called Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, and in almost every case throughout my practice I have had entire success. I have used and prescribed hundreds of bottles ever since the days of my army practice (1863), when I was surgeon of Hospital No. 7, Louisville, Ky."

Old maids are described as "embers from which the sparks have fled."

CONSUMPTION

My newly discovered Treatment *never fails* to effect a *speedy and permanent cure*. Give full particulars of case. Address **Prof. M. L. NOBLE, Santa Clara, Santa Clara Co., California.**

☞ **NO PAY UNTIL CURED.**

"THE BEST IS CHEAPEST."

ENGINES, Horse Powers **THRESHERS** SAW-MILLS, Clover Hullers

(Suited to all sections.) Write for FREE Illus. Pamphlet and Prices to The Aultman & Taylor Co., Mansfield, Ohio.

Hear What One Member of the Profession Testifies Regarding the Scientific Preparation of a Brother Member.

MR. DAWLEY has been in the drug business in the city of Providence twenty-five years as clerk and proprietor in good standing, and knows whereof he affirms.—ED.

Dr. D. says: "For many years I have suffered, intensely at times, with what is generally called rheumatism. When first attacked I was confined to my bed and could not walk a step. I could not bear the weight of the bedclothes, so excruciating was the agony I endured. I always noticed that before these attacks came on my kidneys were affected; before there would be any pain in my limbs or any swelling of joints or limbs, the color of the secretions from the kidneys would be very dark and the odor strong and feverish. The last attack was very severe, about five years ago, and I was confined to the house several weeks, and was unable to attend to business in three months. During the time I was confined at home and the time of my convalescence I employed four of the best doctors that I could obtain, but none of them gave me permanent relief, for they did not go to work at the cause of the trouble. Having been acquainted with the proprietor of Hunt's Remedy a long time I was induced by him to give it a trial, hoping that it might reach the seat of the disease; and after taking one bottle I found myself very much improved, and after taking the second I was feeling better than I had after any previous attacks. During many months previous to taking the Remedy my hands and fingers would be very much swollen and stiff every morning; my left side, in the region of stomach and spleen, was very lame and sensitive; at times I would be taken with severe cramps over the spleen, and be obliged to apply mustard or cayenne for temporary relief; I was very nervous nights and could not sleep; I was obliged to be very particular in my diet and my physical system was sadly demoralized. Since I have taken Hunt's Remedy systematically all those things have changed; I have no swollen hands or limbs, no pains or cramps in the side, can eat all kinds of food, sleep soundly and get thoroughly rested, and my kidneys are active and perform their functions promptly, thus taking out of the system all the poisonous secretions which contaminate the whole system where the kidneys do not act efficiently. My friends, what Hunt's Remedy has done for me it will do for all of you. I believe it to be the only sure cure for all diseases of the Kidneys, Liver and Urinary organs. Respectfully,
E. R. DAWLEY, 454 Broad Street."

TRADE **KIDNEY-WORT** MARK

Acts at the Same Time on — Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.

HAS BEEN PROVED
The SUREST CURE for
KIDNEY DISEASES.

Does a lame back or disordered urine indicate that you are a victim? THEN DO NOT HESITATE; use Kidney-Wort at once, (druggists recommend it) and it will speedily overcome the disease and restore healthy action.

Ladies. For complaints peculiar to your sex, such as pain and weaknesses, Kidney-Wort is unsurpassed, as it will act promptly and safely.

Either Sex. Incontinence, retention of urine, brick dust or ropy deposits, and dull dragging pains, all speedily yield to its curative power. 43- SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Price $1.

TRADE **KIDNEY-WORT** MARK

"Mr. Ethan Lawrence, my townsman," says Dr. Philip C. Ballou, of Monkton, Vt., "was bloated from kidney disease. The skin of his legs shone like glass. Kidney Wort *cured him.* Apr. 20-'82.

TRADE **KIDNEY-WORT** MARK

IS A SURE CURE
for all diseases of the Kidneys and
LIVER

It has specific action on this most important organ, enabling it to throw off torpidity and inaction, stimulating the healthy secretion of the Bile, and by keeping the bowels in free condition, effecting its regular discharge.

Malaria. If you are suffering from malaria, have the chills, are bilious, dyspeptic, or constipated, Kidney-Wort will surely relieve and quickly cure.

In the Spring to cleanse the System, every one should take a thorough course of it.
41- SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Price $1.

TRADE **KIDNEY-WORT** MARK

"Tell my brother-soldiers," writes J. C. Power, of Trenton, Ill., "and all others, too, that Kidney-Wort *cured my 30 years liver disorders.* Publish it, please, in the St. Louis *Globe-Democrat.*

TRADE **KIDNEY-WORT** MARK

Acts at the Same Time on — Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.

FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF
CONSTIPATION.

No other disease is so prevalent in this country as Constipation, and no remedy has ever equalled the celebrated Kidney-Wort as a cure. Whatever the cause, however obstinate the case, this remedy will overcome it.

PILES. THIS distressing complaint is very apt to be complicated with constipation. Kidney-Wort strengthens the weakened parts and quickly cures all kinds of Piles even when physicians and medicines have before failed.
42- ☞ If you have either of these troubles

PRICE $1. **USE** Druggists Sell

TRADE **KIDNEY-WORT** MARK

LIST OF DISEASES
ALWAYS CURABLE BY USING
MEXICAN
MUSTANG
LINIMENT.

OF HUMAN FLESH.	OF ANIMALS.
Rheumatism,	Scratches,
Burns and Scalds,	Sores and Galls,
Stings and Bites,	Spavin, Cracks,
Cuts and Bruises,	Screw Worm, Grub,
Sprains & Stitches,	Foot Rot, Hoof Ail,
Contracted Muscles	Lameness,
Stiff Joints,	Swinny, Founders,
Backache,	Sprains, Strains,
Eruptions,	Sore Feet,
Frost Bites,	Stiffness,

and all external diseases, and every hurt or accident
For general use in family, stable and stock yard it is
THE BEST OF ALL
LINIMENTS

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH **BITTERS**

There has never been an instance in which this sterling invigorant and antifebrile medicine has failed to ward off the complaint, when taken duly as a protection against malaria. Hundreds of physicians have abandoned all the officinal specifics, and now prescribe this harmless vegetable tonic for chills and fever, as well as dyspepsia and nervous affections. Hostetters Bitters is the specific you need. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

ALEX. H. STEPHENS.

The life of this illustrious patriot and statesman, by F. NORTON, author of "Life of Gen. Hancock." **Illustrated.** Papaer, **10 cts**; cloth, **25 cts**; half Russia, **35 cts.** Postage stamps received. Not sold by dealers.

LIFE OF PETER COOPER,	10c. 25c. and 35c.
LIFE OF WASHINGTON IRVING, by Stoddard,	6c.
LIFE OF SIR ISAAC NEWTON, by James Parton,	2c.
RIP VAN WINKLE, by Washington Irving,	2c.
BURNING OF ROME, by Canon Farrar,	2c.
AMERICAN HUMORIST—Artemus Ward,	2c.
ENOCH ARDEN, by Alfred Tennyson,	2c.
DESERTED VILLAGE; THE TRAVELER, Goldsmith,	2c.
COTTER'S SATURDAY NIGHT, etc.—Robert Burns,	2c.
SCHILLER'S SONG OF THE BELL, and other Poems,	2c.
THE SEA-SERPENTS OF SCIENCE, Andrew Wilson.	2c.
WORLD-SMASHING, by W. Mattieu Williams,	2c.
CÆSAR, by Anthony Trollope,	15c.
BUNYAN'S PILGRIMS PROGRESS, Illustrated,	10c.

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OPIUM HABIT
Cured Painlessly.

The Medicine sold for a small margin above the cost of compounding. All cases treated by special prescription." For full particulars address the **Discoverer,**
DR. S. B. COLLINS, La Porte, Ind.

THE SUN 55 MILLIONS A YEAR.

Double it! To present all the news in readable shape, and to tell the truth though the heavens fall, are the two great purposes of THE SUN. It is a newspaper for everybody; a friend to everybody, barring the rogues and frauds. Subscription: DAILY (4 pages), by mail, **55c.** a month, or **$6.50** a year; SUNDAY (8 pages), **$1.20** per year; WEEKLY (8 pages), **$1** per year.
I. W. ENGLAND, Publisher, New York City.

MY TREATISE for the cure of Indigestion and Dyspepsia sent by mail for 25c. JOHN H. McALVIN, Lowell, Mass. 14 years City Treasurer and Tax Collector.

Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND,
Is a Positive Cure
For all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

A Medicine for Woman. Invented by a Woman. Prepared by a Woman.

The Greatest Medical Discovery Since the Dawn of History.

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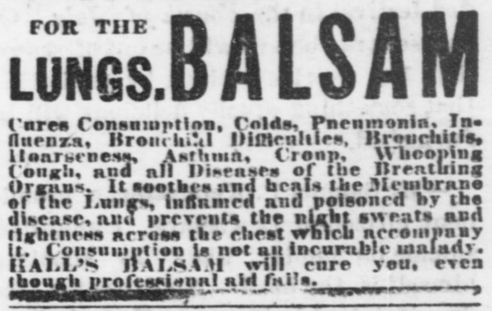

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